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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE—Front Room, Over Postoffice.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE.—Room No. 3, COLUMBIAN building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 20th 1888, tf.

L. E. WALLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa
Office over 1st. National Bank.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Sat's Building.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office over Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL
-- ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, —
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on First floor, front room of COLUMBIAN Building, Main street, below Exchange Hotel.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Third floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Mowers' Building, 2nd floor.
may 1-tf

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN.
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
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F. P. BILLMEYER,
(DISTRICT ATTORNEY.)
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office over Dentler's shoe store, Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-30.86.

W. H. RHAWN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

MICHAEL F. EYERLY,
Conveyancer, Collector of Claims.
—AND—
LEGAL ADVICE IN THE SETTLEMENT OF ESTATES, &c.
Office in Dentler's building with P. P. Billmeyer, attorney-at-law, front towards West Street Bloomsburg, Pa. [apr-9-86.

DR. HONORA A. ROBBINS.
Office and residence, West First street, Bloomsburg, Pa. nov25-86 1y.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

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Office in Barton's building, Main street, below Market, five doors below Kleim's drug store, first floor.
To be open at all hours during the day.
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Exchange Hotel,
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Orders will receive prompt attention.

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BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1888.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XXIX, NO 16
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL LIX, NO 4

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MILTON, Pa.,
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PIANOS,
By the following well known makers:
Chickering,
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Can also furnish any of the cheaper makes at manufacturers prices. Do not buy a piano before getting our prices.
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ALL THE FINEST EXTRACTS—COLOGNE Sachets, Pomades, Hair Dyes and Bay Rum at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Evans' Block, opposite Episcopal Church.

ALL PROPRIETARY AND PATENT MEDICINES at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, opposite Episcopal Church.

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND WALL PAPER, A fine stock at Mercer's Drug and Book Store, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CASTILLE, TOILET AND MEDICATED SOAPS, a full line at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, Upper Main street.

COMBS OF ALL KINDS, WELL SELECTED, AND at very low prices at J. H. Mercer's Drug and Book Store, third door above Iron street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

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J. J. & W. H. BROWER
Have received a large stock of
CARPETINGS
for the Spring trade, consisting in part of
Velvets, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussel and Ingrains, Smyrna and Cocoa Rugs, Cocoa Mattings, and a nice line of Canton Mattings.
BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.
Feb. 10, 1888. 3ms.

NO ONE NEED
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A DYSPEPTIC.

"I have been suffering for over two years with Dyspepsia. For the last year I could not take a drink of cold water nor eat any meat without vomiting it up. My life was a misery. I had had recommended Simmons Liver Regulator, of which I am now taking the second bottle, and the fact is that words cannot express the relief I feel. My appetite is very good, and I digest everything thoroughly. I sleep well now, and I used to be very restless. I am fleshing up fast; good strong food and Simmons Liver Regulator have done it all. I write this in hopes of benefiting some one who has suffered as I did, and would take oath to these statements if desired."

E. S. BALLOU, *Syracuse, Neb.*

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THE BEST BURNING OIL THAT CAN BE MADE FROM PETROLEUM.
It gives a brilliant light.
It will not smoke the chimneys.
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It is pre-eminently a family safety oil.
WE CHALLENGE COMPARISON
With any other illuminating oil made.
We Stake Our Reputation,
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CAN BE PUT ON BY ANY PERSON.
THOUSANDS OF ROLLS SOLD ANNUALLY FOR BUILDINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SEND FOR NEW CIRCULAR, CONTAINING PRICE LIST AND REFERENCES.
AGENTS WANTED.
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SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
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$65 A MONTH and BOARD for 3 bright young men or ladies in each county. P. W. ZIEGLER & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. marsdat.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL PROOF.

CURIOUS CASES IN THE HISTORY OF CRIME.

Perhaps the difficulties in evidence, direct and circumstantial, were never more strongly shown than in the once celebrated case of the Boorn brothers, convicted in Vermont in 1819, of the murder of their brother-in-law, in 1812. It appeared in the testimony that the latter, a half witted fellow, and a burden to the family, was last seen in a field with the two men, and they had a quarrel, in which he had been struck on the head with a stake, and somehow had finally disappeared from the locality. Seven years after, some bones supposed to belong to the missing man, one of his buttons and a knife, were found near, in an old cellar in the field, and the men were arrested.

Upon their trial they both confessed to the murder and gave the details, and then immediately appealed to the Legislature to commute their sentence to imprisonment for life. The mercy was only granted to one of them, but the interest of certain gentlemen being aroused by the case, careful search was made and the man found in New Jersey, brought back and recognized by his old companions, and the men were set free. The explanation of the singular conduct of the accused is found in the bad advice of their friends, who, knowing that public opinion ran strongly against, and thinking it would hang them, advised to make the confession in order that they might get the lighter sentence of perpetual punishment.

It is said that the French naturalist, Cuvier, from a single fossil bone, could describe the structure and habits of extinct races of animals. But bones never lie or mistake when witnesses do both, and no Court is infallible. The cases are numerous on record to show that even the senses cannot be implicitly relied on, even when the veracity of the witnesses is unquestionable. In cases of highway robbery a man's face has been repeatedly sworn to from the glimpse got from the light of a gun or pistol flash, whereas actual experiment always shows the thing to be impossible. In a case of theft a woman swore a certain gown was hers. Being asked by a juryman to try it on, it was found not to fit at all, and she confessed her mistake. The fact was that the prisoner had stolen the gown from a neighbor, though this was only found out after acquittal. Another woman, being robbed, swore a certain black pocketbook, found on a man arrested for her crime, was hers, which would have sent him to the gallows had not a countryman found another black pocket book while reaping and hastening to the trial, the same witness finding all, and her very money safe, confessed she was mistaken, and the prisoner went free. A signature to a certain deed was sworn to by respectable and honest parties as Lord Eldon's, but Lord Eldon came into Court and swore that he never attested a deed in his life. In a celebrated Scotch trial for forgery, intricate and far reaching, and which involved the title of one of the best estates in the realm, half a dozen engravers swore that certain numerous letters were written by different persons, though the prisoner afterward confessed them all. His conviction was partly insured by a sharp lawyer noticing that in all the documents, certain words were curiously mispelled and on the prisoner being required in open court to write these words, he mispelled them as they were written down in documents purporting to have been penned by many individuals living even in half a dozen different generations.

In a murder trial, a piece of rope found near the victim was sworn to as the same kind of rope as a piece found in possession of the accused, a bit of testimony which would have hung him had not a ropemaker examined and testified that one piece was twisted to the right while the other was twisted to the left.

A half dozen witnesses swore that they saw a certain person at a certain hour of the clock. Being asked to say what time it was by a clock in the Court room not one of them could tell. This was a case of downright lying to prove an alibi. An eminent English lawyer swore positively to two men who, he said, had robbed him in broad daylight. It was proven that at the time of the robbery they were so far off as to make the thing impossible. Shortly after the true robbers were taken with the stolen goods on them. The prosecutor then confessed his mistake, and is said to have given a money value to the men whom he came very near sending to the gallows. Besides, accused persons behave very strangely, even when innocent. Some run away, which, in old times, was held so sure a proof of guilty that in England, in cases of felony and treason, flight carried forfeiture of goods, whether innocent or guilty. It is now in proof that innocent persons, whether timid or ignorant, or ill-advised, when accused of crime, often run away and do a good many other foolish things. Daniel Webster, in the famous murder trial at Salem, spoke the famous epigram: "Suicide is confession," a very fine sentence, but very poor law, since even innocent persons, falsely accused, have often died by their own hands, to escape further misery.

Sir Edward Cook tells of an uncle bringing up his orphan niece, and who had her lands for fee until she came to sixteen years. When eight or nine, her uncle correcting her, she was heard to say "Oh good uncle, kill me not!" At this time the child disappeared, and could not be found. The uncle, arrested on suspicion, was bailed and told to find the child. Fearing what might happen to him, he brought another child, very like the true one, into Court. The cheat was discovered, and the man hanged. But the child had only run away into another county, and been taken in by hospitable strangers, and at sixteen years of age, came back and claimed her property.

Now, proof, as defined by the lawyers, is only a presumption of the highest order. Cunning is but a sinister or crooked wisdom, while human nature in the Court room often turns out to a singular and fallible element in the attempted equation of justice cannot be surprised, therefore, that so many innocent persons have suffered, and, upon the whole, the wonder is that so many of the guilty are punished. Yet, appearances may be strong against a man, while he is innocent. In 1827, Thomas Gill was convicted in England of stealing two oxen. He had just finished his apprenticeship to a butcher, and after paying a visit to his uncle in the country in order to save expenses, was traveling on foot back to London. About three o'clock in the morning, he met a man, riding on a pony and driving two oxen, who offered Gill five shillings to drive them to London, and agreeing to meet him on Westminister bridge. The young man, willing to earn an honest penny, agreed, and was arrested shortly after, with the cattle in his possession, by the owner in hot pursuit. Arrested, he gave a false name to conceal his situation from his friends. He was pardoned as he was being transported for life. The simple fact was, that the real thief, hotly pursued, had taken this cruel way to rid himself of the cattle and the crime.

In France, a young man was in the service of an old woman and had a key to her house. She was found murdered, with a piece of his cravat near her, and a lock of his hair clenched in her hand. He was arrested and executed. But he was innocent. An intimate friend who afterwards confessed, managed to get an impression of the key, picked up one of his old cravats about the house, and, combing the young man's queue, had scarcely abstracted enough hair to make his lock found in the dead woman's clutch. Sad as it sounds and is, the history of the law shows a list of cases where the innocent have died a shameful death through the mistake of justice. These legal disasters had for their basis not so much an unfair or heartless trial as a failure to weigh wisely the peculiar circumstantial evidence involved. But on the other hand, justice sometimes seems aided either by good luck or Divine wrath of the gods themselves, in detecting criminals. In 1830 the body of a man was discovered in England who had been murdered 32 years before. His widow identified his remains from the skull, his shoes and a carpenter's rule found with the bones. The murderer was then found and executed. In 1813 a Cornish peasant was found murdered, and his body dragged under a hedge. It was shrewdly surmised by the detectives that the murderer was a stranger in those parts, since a native would have been very likely to have concealed the body in some abandoned coal mine, many of which were in the field. From this slight clue mainly, they arrested an Irish soldier, whose regiment had lately come there and on him they found the dead man's purse. He was executed. Three ruffians murdered a poor Italian boy to sell his body, were largely convicted by their giving away some white mice which there was every reason to believe had belonged to the unfortunate child. A sailor was mainly convicted as an accomplice in a brutal murder in a London bawdy-house from the fact that the victim's hands were tied behind him with what is known as a sailor's knot. Where a man was shot by a ball, the wad on the ball was shown to be half of a certain ballad, the other part of which was found in the prisoner's pocket. Convicted. A man assailed by a robber struck him in the face with a key. A mark on the prisoner's face corresponded with the wards or divisions of the key. Convicted. In 1752, in England, a man and woman from within a certain house gave the alarm that some one had entered and murdered an inmate. The dew on the grass outside the house was found to be undisturbed. The living inmates were convicted.

In 1816, in England, a man was tried for the murder of another. Where the struggle had been severe, impressions were found in the clay, of a man who had worn breeches of striped corduroy, patched with the same material; but the patches were not set on straight the ribs of the patch meeting the hollows of the original corduroy. The accused was shown to have his breeches patched thus, and this greatly aided his conviction. Dew and snow have often helped to track the murderer, and many a man has perished on the gallows the peculiarities of whose shoes, or the curious way in which nails are set in them, aided conviction. A man arrested in his bed, who claimed to have been there all night, was found with wet, muddy stockings on. The night was wet and the ground outside soft. Convicted and executed. One of Kaulbach's illustrations of Gœthe's Reineke Fuchs shows us the fox murdering the hare. It is a solitary place, a field and alone by a shrine with its cross. But curiously enough, the artist has put eyes into every head of the full wheat, which bends in the breeze, and every flower at hand is made in likeness of the dim, human face, which beholds the deed with horror. The fact thus symbolized is that nature, in all its attributes of weight, size, color and condition is, after all, the head detective of crime, and every secret murder leaves its mark behind it, which rightly interpreted of men, metes out detection and punishment to the criminal. "Murder will out," because in most subtle ways, the circumstance of murder being accurate, when wisely interpeted, confess and denote with unerring finger, and "dead men tell no tales," with a hundred tongues. That the guilty sometimes evade detection does not prove the contrary.

Perhaps the old story of the murderer, Eugene Aram, whose horrors passed into English literature, assisted by the genius of Hood's shadowy poem of that name best literatures what has been said of the curiosities of circumstantial evidence in criminal causes. Aram was born at Ramsgill, Yorkshire 1704, and though the son of a gardener, was of ancient British family and brilliant genius.—With scant education in youth, and serving for a time as book-keeper in London, yet he managed to make such progress in learning, especially in mathematics, that he was invited back as schoolmaster to his native village, and there married. His wife seems to have been a woman of easy virtue, and to have made his home unhappy. But he devoted himself to the study of the classics—Hebrew, Chaldee and Arabic—and became so much of a philologist as to bestow much labor in comparing these languages with the ancient Celtic. While engaged apparently in such honorable undertakings, he found time, Feb. 8, 1774, with the help of a confederate, Richard Houseman, to murder one Daniel Clark, a shoemaker, and conceal his body. His motive, as Aram alleged after his trial, was revenge on his wife's paramour, but it was in evidence that he got from his crime the whole of Clark's wife's dowry, to the amount of £160. In fact, Aram looks, when viewed in the most candid light, to have been one of those hypocritical and cold blooded villians of ability who sometimes appear to disgrace humanity. Fourteen years after the murder, a peasant, digging stones for a lime kiln in the neighborhood, found a human skeleton two feet below ground, with the frame so well kept together as to enable it to be seen that the body had been bent and buried double. As Clark had never been seen alive since 1744, and as Aram's wife had formerly thrown out dark hints that he had been murdered, public suspicion was aroused, and an inquest was held upon the bones. At this inquest she was summoned, and testified that she thought Clark was murdered by Aram and Houseman.

When taken before the Coroner, Housman was in great confusion, trembled, changed color, and faltered in speech, under examination. The Coroner desired him to take up one of the bones before him to take up one of the bones before him, thinking to see what further results would follow. Taking up one of the bones, he said: "This is no more Dan Clark's bone than it is mine." These words were so pronounced as to convince those present, not that Houseman believed Clarke was alive, but that he knew very well where his bones lay. (If the reader will read Houseman's words aloud, with a strong emphasis on the word this, he will see a little what they might be made to mean.) After some evasions, he finally broke down and confessed that Aram and he had murdered Clarke, and though these were not his bones, they might be found where they were buried, at dead of night, in St. Robert's cave, near where the bones were found, adding that Clarke's head lay to the right in the cave at the entrance of the cave. Upon search, a skeleton was found exactly as described. Aram himself was arrested while acting as usher of a school at Lynn in Norfolk. Upon trial Houseman was used as King's witness—Aram defended himself in a written speech full of fact and antiquarian lore, in which, with a skill beyond most lawyers, he probed into the weak points of the circumstantial evidence against him, urging the great uncertainty of its being Clarke's body, since St. Robert's cave had been a place of hermits, who very likely, according to their custom, had buried there. He was convicted and afterwards confessed his crime. Failing in an attempt at suicide with a razor, he was nursed back to life sufficiently to be hanged and his body sent to rot in chains at Knaresborough, near the scene of his crime. So perished one of the most learned criminals of the world. Crime comes and sometimes may strike very close to any one of us. It is, above all, necessary that punishment also should be made swift and sure. This result is reached by the careful and scientific study of evidence, especially on its circumstantial side. Upon a wide view of the history of crime in this world, it may be safely said that punishment, though slow is sure, and of justice, what the old Greeks said of God, that he comes with leaden feet, but strikes with an iron hand.

Phosphates in Food.

Nature's laws of supply and demand require the constant presence of the phosphates in the human system. As they are consumed with every effort, so are they an absolute necessity to the health and well being of the human organization. They are contained in every fibre, tissue, nerve and muscle of the body. Physiologists teach us that with an abundant supply in the system, good health is the rule, and that without that supply disease is inevitable. The thoughtful reader will at once see how important it is to exercise forethought and care as to the proper selection of food, in order to secure for the system the necessary phosphates which it daily requires. It has been determined by scientific experiment that life cannot be sustained without an ample and constant supply of this vital substance. In the process of bolting fine white flour, nearly all of the phosphates of the wheat grain are separated with the bran, and animals upon this fine flour, alone, lost their strength, and finally died. The flour does not contain the phosphates in sufficient quantity to sustain life.

Some years ago Prof. Horsford invented a process whereby these phosphates were restored to the flour, in the form of a baking powder; and it is a curious fact that there is no other process to-day that adds anything of a nutritious value to a baking powder. Cream of tartar and alum are largely used in baking powders, but they have no value except as merely "raising" agents, and many physicians consider them as decidedly injurious.

Prof. Horsfords' process attracted the attention of the scientific world, and received universal commendation. Indeed, the noted Liebig of Germany, who displayed much interest in the study of the invention, wrote enthusiastically of its great value. He said: "I have through a great series of experiments satisfied myself of the purity and excellence of your preparation. The bread has no acid, is easily digested, and of the best taste. Aside from the conveniences this invaluable idea of yours has provided, I consider this invention as one of the most useful gifts which science has made to mankind. It is certain that the nutritive value of the flour will be increased ten per cent. by your phosphatic preparation, and the result is precisely the same as if the fertility of our wheat fields had been increased by that amount. What a wonderful result is this!"

Rumford Yeast Powder, which is so universally sold in this section, is a product of Prof. Horsford's process.

Only One Third Granted.

The judges in the license court rendered their decisions Friday evening on the applications to sell liquor in Pittsburg. Of 730 applications 248 were granted and about 100 held over for future consideration. Before the Brooks license bill went into effect there were over 1,000 saloons in the city.

The Mysterious Motor to be Inspected Within Thirty Days.

The order for the inspection of the Keely motor, in accordance with the decision of the Court made recently in Bennett C. Wilson's suit against John W. Keely, was handed down by Judge Finletter. By its terms Keely's secret must come out. Lawyer William C. Strawbridge, Wilson's counsel, says it is a complete victory for his client, and J. Joseph Murphy, attorney for Keely and the motor people, claims that the principal contention made by him has been accorded by the Court, and that is that Wilson be compelled to give to the experts a description of the machine which he claims to own under Keely's assignment. The order reads as follows:

"In accordance with the opinion heretofore filed in this case, it is hereby ordered by the Court that the defendant, John W. Keely, shall, within thirty days, exhibit to the plaintiff, Bennett C. Wilson, his attorney, and to Dr. Charles M. Cresson, Thomas Shaw, Professor William D. Marks and Jacob Naylor, who are hereby appointed by the Court as experts, the inventions, machines or devices referred to in the plaintiff's bill and now known as 'the Keely motor,' and shall then and there, in their presence, operate the same or cause them to be operated, explain the mode of construction and operating them.

"The experts are hereby authorized and directed to make such an examination of the machine as will enable them to inform the Court as to their identity in construction, principle or operation with the invention described in the complainant's bill as having been assigned him in the year 1869 by the respondent, the complainant giving the experts such a particular description of the invention as may be necessary to enable the comparison to be made and the experts shall further make such drawing of the machines known as 'the Keely motor' as they may consider necessary for the information of the Court and report jointly or severally; and it is further ordered that the information obtained by this inspection by the complainant and his counselor and by the experts shall not be used for any other purpose than for the proper hearing and adjudication of the present proceedings."

Students in Rebellion.

TORONTO, Ont, April 1.—A fine rumpus has been created in Victoria Methodist college, at Coburg, by an action on the part of the faculty which is generally condemned as arbitary—*Acta Victoriana* is a monthly journal published by the literary and theological societies in the interests of the students and alumni of the univesity. Its contents are contributed by a staff of editors appointed by and responsible to these societies. An article appeared in the March number discussing the curiculum of the university, suggesting certain changes therein and recommending that the subject of mineralogy, embracing crystallography and blow-pipe analysis, should be relegated to a hotter clime. When the article appeared the college faculty immediately took cognizance of it, and summoning J. F. McLaughlin, editor in chief, and Henry Langford, local editor, demanded that the two editors should make an humble and unconditional apology, under pain of suspension. On a positive refusal to apologize the faculty decided to suspend the offending journalists for one year, and the chancellor of the university pronounced the decree of excommunication at a great meeting of students Friday evening. As soon as he had finished reading, McLaughlin and Langford arose and gave notice of their intention to appeal to the board of regents, the court of last resort against "an unjust and tyrannical sentence." They were greeted with tremendous cheers, the demonstration lasting several minutes. After the retirement of the faculty, the students organized as a mass meeting, and a resolution was passed declaring that if their classmates were not reinstated they would apply for certificates of standing and leave the university.

The largest pension ever allowed by the United States government was a few days ago granted by the board of appeals to Cyphert P. Gillette, of What Cheer, Keokuk county, Iowa, for total blindness. The claim has been pending since 1873, and has been repeatedly rejected by different pension commissioners. The amount which Mr. Gillette will receive is about $16,000 in arrears, as well as a monthly allowance of $72. The next largest pension ever granted was to a well known character in Elmira, N. Y., known as "Blind Patterson," who received $13,322 arrears and $72 a month. Patterson was afterwards charged with fraud and the money withheld from him to await the decision of the court. For many years he has been led around the streets of Elmira by a shepherd dog, begging money for his support. It is claimed, however, that he deserted from the army in 1864, and up to the time of his desertion had no disease of the eyes. Jacob Dingman, of Iowa, received a pension of $12,491 for total blindness, and W. S. Stevens, of Ohio, got $12,346 for a similar reason. Frederick Goslin, of St. Jonsbury, Vermont, received $72 a month and $11,212 back pay for chronic inflammatory rheumatism, which caused him to be confined to his bed with great suffering for the last 24 years. These are the largest pensions ever granted.

Costly Entertainment by a Millionaire.

One of the most unique of the many private dinners given this season at Delmonico's took place last week. On the plate of each guest and attached to the menu was a beautiful ring with an emerald stone, set in diamonds. The rings cost $1,000, and as there were eight guests, the menus, with their novel attachments, must have cost over $8,000. The host was George Law, a street railway magnate and several times a millionaire. The guests at this dinner were not so greatly surprised, for Mr. Law is known to spend considerably over $100,000 a year in jewelery. Very nearly all of this he distributes around among his acquaintances.—*Albany Express.*

A live oak tree in Mississippi five and one-half feet in diameter breast high from the ground, and spreads its branches eighty-two feet.

Meeting of County Superintendents.

The session of County Superintendent at Harrisburg last week, closed its labors on Thursday, an address was delivered by Professor Batties, president of the institute for the blind in Philadelphia. R. M. McNeal, superintendent of Dauphin county then read a paper on "Examination and Qualification of Teachers." He advocated the raising of the standard of examination for teachers. He said the greatest difficulty in the way of retaining good teachers was the very low salaries which are paid. He also thought superintendents should edeucate the public sentiment to appreciate the services of good teachers so that school boards would feel justified in paying the salaries necessary to retain them. Quite a number of gentlemen made remarks upon the subject of this paper.

W. H. Shelley, superintendent of York county, read a paper on "Selection and Transfer of Teachers." Discussion was opened by Superintendent Luckey, of Pittsburg and C. A. Babcock, of Oil City. Others who took part were Messrs. Fowler, Buerbie and Desh.

In the afternoon the committee on institutes made their report. One of the recommendations of this report was that no institutes be held during holiday week.

The committee on resolutions, consisting of Messrs. Bumbaugh, Luckey, Brecht, Wolf and Keck, made the following report:

Resolved. That this convention is recognized to be a valuable feature of the education work of the state, and there should be annual sessions there of at the call of the state superintendent, that recent legislation relative to minimum school term, state appropriation, physiology and hygiene, the school month, industrial education and county and city institutes is heartily endorsed; that it is the sense of the convention that the legislature should enact necessary laws to secure closer supervision of our public schools by making provision for district superintendents; that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to report at the next annual session on the subject of "Examining and Licensing Teachers;" that we heartily commend the earnest and progressive educational spirit of our governor; that we recognize in the head of our state educational department an able, efficient and scholarly leader, whose work, in connection with his excellent deputies, is most worthy of endorsement and commendation.

Remarks were made by Dr. J. P. Wickersham and Dr. Higbee, after which the convention adjourned *sine die.*

A Curious Use for Cyclopedias.

It is generally admitted that a good Cyclopedia is a desirable possession for every home. As to which Cyclopedia is the best for popular use, the "Doctors disagree." Evidently the matter of choice should depend somewhat upon the use for which it is intended. A customer of Alden's *Manifold Cyclopedia* writes to the publisher as follows:

"I have been exhibiting the Manifold among my friends and acquaintances, and expatiating on its excellence and wonderful cheapness. There is no reason why every young man in the land who has occasion to refer to a cyclopedia should not possess it. The laying by of but five pennies a day for six months will put him in possession of a work that will be of lasting benefit. Among those to whom I have shown the volumes I found but one young man who did not need the Manifold. He has a cyclopedia; a number of large volumes; he did not know how many, nor did he know the name of the editor or publisher; but they are very large, heavy volumes. Believing he did not frequently consult them, I asked if he ever used them.

"Certainly," said he, "I use them every day."

"What can you possibly do with them."

"Why I press my trousers with them."

"My dear sir," said I "you do not need the Manifold. Mr. Alden publishes books for the purpose of developing and improving the intellect, and not to give shape to the legs. Do you stick to your ponderous, unwieldy volumes; they are well adapted to the purpose for which you use a cyclopedia; but the dainty volumes of the Manifold—how delightful to handle, and how beautiful to behold—are made with a view to ease of reference and convenience of consultation, and cannot be successfully converted into a substitute for trousers' stretchers."—EDWARD EBERBACH, Washington, D. C.

The fifth volume of the *Manifold Cyclopedia*, which has just been published, more than sustains the good reputation of the previous issues, being, especially, more full in its vocabularly, and the entire workmanship, both literary and mechanical, apparently being of a higher grade. It is certainly not only a wonderfully cheap, but a thoroughly excellent Cyclopedia for almost any conceivable use except that of a "trousers' press." The publisher will send specimen pages free to any applicant, or specimen volumes may be ordered and returned if not wanted. Reduced rates are offered to early purchasers. John B. Alden, publisher, 393 Pearl St., New York; 218 Clark St. Chicago.

The supreme court of the United States rendered an opinion in case No. 944—William L. Powell, plaintiff in error, versus The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, commonly known as "the oleomargarine case," in error to the supreme court of Pennsylvania. This case brings up for review a judgment of the supreme court of Pennsylvania sustaining the validity of a statute of the commonwealth making it unlawful for any person to manufacture, sell or offer for sale any butter or cheese, or article designed to take the place of these articles, produced from any compound other than unadulterated milk or cream. The plaintiff was convicted of violation of this statute and took an appeal, basing it on the ground that the statute was in violation of the fourteenth amendment to constitution, and that the article sold was a new invention not deleterious to the public health. The court holds that it is entirely within the police powers of the state to protect the public health, and that the questions whether the manufacture of oleomargarine is or may be conducted in such a way as to involve such danger to the public health as to require the suppression of the business rather than its regulation, are questions of fact and of public policy which belong to the legislative department to determine.

Many distinguished people make an exception of Pond's Extract, on account of its standard, unfailing, never-disputed excellence of half a century's standing, to warmly recommend it for Sore Throat, Neuralgia, Catarrh, Frost Bites, Piles, Hemorrhages, &c. *Avoid imitations.*

The Columbian.

G. E. Elwell, J. K. Bittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, APRIL, 20 1888.

The Democracy of any man may well be doubted who wants "reform" by electing an infidel to the Presidency, and a republican to the Vice-Presidency. Ingersoll and Lincoln have been nominated over in Beaver township, and that by a man who has heretofore professed to be a democrat. "Reform" seems to have struck him hard. We learn that the same man is sending out atheistic pamphlets through the mails.

WHAT HE WOULD DO.

DEAR EDITOR:—In accordance with the invitation in last week's *Sentinel* that each candidate for the Legislature should pass a competitive examination for the position by stating what laws he would desire enacted and what laws repealed. I give the following as my views:

If I could not repeal the High License act I would have it amended so as to compel the County Treasurer to pay over to the several townships and boroughs the amounts due under it, without waiting ninety days to count it, and compel him to collect only the lawful mercantile appraiser's fee of 50c instead of $2.50 and thus save the applicant the expense of a lawsuit to recover back the illegal fee collected. I would further amend it so as to make the Clerk of the Courts fee under it $1.25 instead of $5, and pay the balance of the $5 into the treasury of the district in which the applicant resides, I would allow the appicant for license the right to get his bondsman any where in the county, instead of confining him to the borough or townsnip in which he resides, I would so amend the law that this county would not be obliged to pay a county commissioner for every day in the year when three in each month is sufficient to transact the County's business.

A PROSPECTIVE CANDIDATE.

April 17th, 1888.

REFORM.

From Glen City comes a voice through last week's "*Sentinel*" that is remarkable and worthy of some consideration though some may wonder why notice is taken of it.

That the readers of the COLUMBIAN may better comprehend the idea of reform as stated by Mr. Dreisbach, his letter to the *Sentinel* is worth their perusal.

"I think the time has come when the people should lay aside all party spirit and vote for a Liberal or Independent candidate, who should not canvass or stump the whole country and spend more money than the salary of the office will bring, during an honest administration, but merely announce himself the people's candidate and if elected, pledge himself to do all that is right. I am for reform and will vote for such a candidate, be he Democrat or Republican. Let this be done by all honest men—say from president down to school director and then we can hope for reform and honest administration. Let the office seek the man, not the man the office.

Will you permit me to give you my choice for President for the coming election, if so please publish this letter and sign my name to it. I am not ashamed to announce my choice."

"For President, Robert G. Ingersol
For Vice President, Robert Lincoln."
"G. P. DREISBACH."

The cry for reform has come from Glen City for several years. The term is a fascinating one. It might enlighten the public if Mr. Dreisbach would specify the particular evils that so much need to be reformed. As we understand the letter, reform is necessary in all departments of the Government, from president down to school director.

Great leaders generally hold certain principles or views that characterize the leading features of their lives, that give distinction and prominence worthy of emulation imitation and universal approbation, and which irresistibly and impulsively draw an appreciative and admiring public to their standard and support.

Not one of the great men of the nation during all the years of her rising prosperty in any of the departments where human faculty and ability were factors in the development of the country is forgotten, but loved and cherished and held in grateful historic remembrance by the people whom he served in the particular achievement for which he was peculiarly fitted and renowned, whether of admistrative ability, scientific discovery, heroic military valor, charitable extended hands, art or sculpture, whether Washington, Jefferson, Jackson, Lincoln, McClellan, Grant, Newton, Franklin, Webster, Fulton, Clay, Morse, Bancroft, Beecher, or the thousands of others who contributed in some way or other to the development and growth of the country by whom all were benefited and the world made better by their having lived in it. Robert G. Ingersol is a personage who holds views which give notariety and prominence that instinctively draw admiring followers to the extremity of oblivion who naturally enough desire his ascendency to the chief magistracy of toe nation, and those of like principles to minor positions down to school director. Now what are those principles that are so pre-eminently desirable to incorporate into reforms, that are to permeate all the departments of government? Infidelity and atheism. The abolishment of church, christianity and the Sabbath. The annihilation of the Bible, sou', spirit and body. The annulling of God and that of future rewards and punishments. The accusing conscience cries for such reforms, so do anarchists, communists and nihilists. So do all who are enemies to good government. We believe that the affairs of government are generally faithfully and conscientiously conducted from President down to school director, though perhaps not always judiciously and wisely administered more from lack and capacity and ability, than from willful and deliberate purpose of heart. Why Robert Lincoln should be accorded a second place with infidel Ingersol is a mystery. So far as we know he is the direct opposite of Ingersol and pre eminently fitted for the first place, though a weak balance on either place yet a good man in any place. J.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, April 16th. 1888.

"What is the legislative outlook, from a democratic stand-point?" was asked of a gentleman who is known to stand very close to Mr. Cleveland. He replied as follows: "Well, it is by no means as bad as it was a week ago. The dead look cost us ten days of valuable time, but there's no use wasting time now in talking about that. It is over, thank heaven. The main question that Congress has to deal with this session is the tariff. The fight on that will begin tomorrow in the House when the Mills tariff bill is called up for consideration, and will continue until the bill is passed or defeated. though I don't think the last is likely to occur. No No other legislation, with the exception of the regular appropriation bills, will be considered by the House until the tariff question is settled; and I understand that at the proper time the leaders of the party will call a House caucus, which will compell all democrats in the House to vote for the bill. All that will of course take time, but the intention is, if possible, to bring the bill to a vote before the date set for the meeting of the St. Louis convention."

"In my opinion," he continued, "it is extremely doubtful whether this programme can be carried out; there is not time enough left. There will probably be a hundred or more set speeches delivered on the bill, some 75 or 80 members having already filed notice with the Speaker of their intention to speak on the subject. From tomorrow to the meeting of the St. Louis convention there are just 42 days, exclusive of Sundays. In all probability the speeches to be made on this bill will take up more time than that, to say nothing of the days that it will be absolutely necessary to devote to consideration of the regular appropriation bills which must be passed before the 30th of June, or the wheels of goverument will become clogged.

"However, much time may be saved by holding an early caucus and mapping out the exact course to be followed on the floor of the House, and once mapped out, the leaders should see that there is no going outside the lines by any member of the party. If a vote is reached on the final passage of the Mills bill before the 1st of July, I shall be greatly surprised.

"Of the other legislation now before Congress: The River and Harbor bill will pass the House surely and probably the Senate; the Dependent Pension bill is hardly likely to get through the House at this session; the Springer Omnibus bill for the admission of the Territories of Dakota, Montana, Washington and New Mexico, will be passed by the House but not by the Senate; the Blair Education bill is not likely to be reported from the House committee. There now, I have given you my ideas of the democratic legislative prospect; you are welcome to them, but don't use my name, not that I care, but somebody else might, you know."

Ex-Senator Wallace, of Pa. says the democrats of that State are una nimous for the renomination of Cleveland. The same news comes here from all sections of the country.

Chauncey Depew has a long head. He says he does not want the republican nomination. He did not give his reasons, but the presumption is that he did'nt want to be struck by the Cleveland cyclone.

A bill for the relief of soldiers and sailors who enlisted and served in the army or navy during the rebellion under assumed names has been favorably reported by the House committee on Military Affairs.

The Government Printing Office investigation which war suspended a short time ago on account of the illness of the Chairman of the House committee on printing, has been resumed.

Mr. Oates, the Alabama Representative who led the filibusterers in the recent fight against the direct-tax bill, is understood to be ambitious of representing his State in the Senate.

Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, is making quite a reputation in the House as a quick witted and ready debater. He gave a fine example of his talent in that line on Saturday, which was much enjoyed by the members. His victim was Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, who had started to address the House on the Indian appropriation bill, but who floundered around, mixing up the tariff and the slave trade and mistaking the constitution of the Confederate States for the platform of the democratic party. Mr. Allen stood this as long as he could and then proceeedd to make the disconnected gentleman from Kansas a laughing stock. He said Mr. Perkins reminded him of the story of two men, who when traveling, slept in a room with a cupboard in it. During the night one asked the other to look out of the window and see what kind of a day it was going to be. The latter opened the glass door of the cupboard and exclaimed, "It is dark as h——l and smells like cheese". Instead of getting his head out into the daylight of 1888, the gentleman from Kansas had got his head into the cupboard of rebellion, where everything was dark and smelled like slavery, Mr. Allen invited him to discuss the live issues presented by the democratic party into the open sunshine of today.

The new Emperor of Germany is again in a bad condition and it is officially stated that his new trouble is not a case of simp'e bronchial inflammation, but of an extension of the disease in the larynx to the bronchial tubes and thus to the lungs themselves. His physicians, at a consultation on Tuesday agreed that his malady was approaching the last stage.

Roscoe Conkling Dead.

Roscoe Conkling died at New York city, Wednesday morning at 2:05 Early in the morning, the day previous to his death, the members of the family noticed a change and knew his death was only the question of a few hours Gradually his pulse became quicker, until at 10:30 p. m. it was not perceptible, and his extremeties were growing cold; he continued breathing over two hours longer.

Mr. Conkling was a statesman in every sense of the word. He was a leader in the republican party. He was appointed as District Attorney in his own county two months before he was 21 years of age. He was elected to Congress when but 30 years of age, and twice re-elected. In 1867 he was elected Senator by the legislature of New York and twice re-elected. He was twice offered the mission to England by president Grant, and once the position of Chief Justice, but he refused. He remained in the Senate until his memorable fight with President Garfield in 1881, when he retired from active politics and gave his attention to the practice of law. Since his retirement from politics his law practice has amounted to $100,000 per year. He was born in Albany, New York, in October 1828.

The Murderer's Neck Broken.

HANGING OF HOLONG, WHO KILLED A GIRL AND GAVE THE HOGS HER BODY.

FERGUS FALLS, MINN., APRIL 13.—Nels Olsen Holong was hanged here this afternoon. Holong slept well last night, ate a good breakfast and was very cool. The Deputy Sheriff say he displayed more nerve than any man he ever saw. The death warrant was read at 1.45 and at 1.55 the drop fell. Holong's neck was broken and his muscles scarcely twitched. He ascended the scaffold without faltering and showed little signs of fear. He seemed most alarmed while the warrant was being read, but scarcely trembled. The scaffold and trap worked to perfection.

Holong was convicted of murdering Miss Lillie Field, a crime which has scarcely been equaled in the horrible ness of its details. It was committed on the 28th of last May. Miss Field, a young girl of 16, lived with her mother and brothers in the township of St Olof, about fifteen miles from Fergus Falls. Holong was their hired hand, an inoffensive looking Norwegian of about 28 years. On the day mentioned Mrs Field and her oldest son came to Fergus Falls, leaving Lilly and a younger brother of about 7 years at home with the hired man. Lilly went to work about the house, performing such work as her mother had left for her to do. At 10 o'clock Holong came in and sent the boy over to a neighbor's on an errand, telling him that he might remain and play.

When he left Lilly was washing and that was the last seen of her alive. When the boy came back after dinner Lilly and the hirred man were missing. He went to various neighbors, but none had seen her. He went home and when night came fell asleep on the sofa.

Here he was found by his mother and brother when they returned from Fergus Falls. They supposed that Lilly had gone to some of the neighbors and did not search for her that night. In the morning, when Charles Field went out to do his chores and feed his stock, he saw behind a clump of bushes the naked body of his sister, disembowled and her flesh eaten by the hogs. Suspicion at once pointed to Holong A posse of men started in pursuit and the next morning he was found near Wendell Station, some twenty miles from the scene of the murder. He at once admitted his guilt. He narrowly escaped lynching.

Headquarters Democratic Club League of Penna.

109 South Broad street.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1888.

To the Democracy of the Keystone State: Let us look before us and not behind. Success and glory are in advance. "In union there is strength."

The strongest position a democrat should desire to occupy is one from which he can most easily advance for the success of the party and the promotion of the best interests to the country.

Let us act on this understanding and organize our party, for then good results will follow in the coming contest.

The Chairman of the Democratic State Committe of Pennsylvania, says: "I heartly approve of the project of forming a leage of clubs in the State, and will gladly aid in all ways possible. There is going to be an old fashioned Democratic fight this Fall, and the sooner our people wake up to the fact the better. Therefore, we must make our plans carefully and shrewdly, and organize, "

Let Democrats commence the formation of clubs at once. Young and old Democrats are invited to unite with clubs in their vicinity.

The State Convention of the Democratic Club League will meet at Harrisburg, Pa., on Thursday, May 24, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Let each club in the State be represented by at least three delegates.

Clubs already formed, which desire to enter the league, and those hereafter organized for that purpose, will please send the name of their club, officers and delegates to League's Secretary, No. 109 South Broad street, Philadelphia, with as little delay as possible.

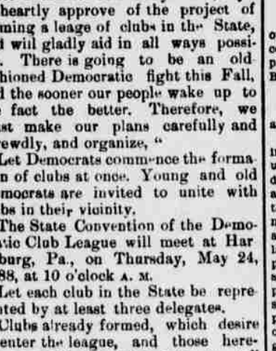
JOHN D. WORMAN, Secretary. JOHN H FOW, Temporary Pres.

Hotel Thieves in Wilkesbarre.

Sunday morning the hotel of Moses Wolf was entered and $182 in cash taken. Monday morning the hotels of Christopher Klein and John McGrath were discovered to have been broken into during the night. Mr Klein's bedroom was entered and his pockets rifled of a gold watch and $45 in money. McGrath's hotel was entered and $40 in cash and a few other things taken.

Collided With a Locomotive.

PHILADELPHIA, April 15—While the New York and Washington express, southbound, was passing over the elevated road of the Pennsylvania railroad shortly before 3 30 o'clock this morning it collided with a heavy passenger locomotive at Thirtieth street. The express train consisted of a heavy baggage car and ten coaches, including two vestibule cars. Four cars were badly smashed and toppled over on their sides. Seventeen persons are known to have been injured.



Were all wise enough to heed this advice in season, a world of suffering would be avoided. The best months in which to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, are

March April May

At no other season is the body so much in need of, or so susceptible to the benefit to be derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla, as now. The impoverished condition of the blood, the weakening effects of the long, cold winter, the lost appetite, and that tired feeling, all make a good spring medicine absolutely necessary. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will be convinced that it is the ideal spring medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

GET YOUR JOB PRINTING DONE AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Intending purchasers of POND'S EXTRACT cannot take too much precaution to prevent substitution. Some druggists, trading on the popularity of the great Family Remedy, attempt to palm off other preparations, unscrupulously asserting them to be "the same as" or "equal to" POND'S EXTRACT, indifferent to the deceit practiced upon and disappointment thereby caused to the purchaser, so long as larger profits accrue to themselves. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other.

SOLD IN BOTTLES ONLY; NEVER BY MEASURE. Quality uniform.

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., New York and London.

See our name on every wrapper and label. Note picture of bottle below.

POND'S EXTRACT

For Piles, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Bruises, Burns, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Sores, Inflammations, and Hemorrhages of all kinds.

The Famous Lecturer, JOHN B. GOUGH, wrote: "For Sore Throat, especially when tending to ulceration, I have found it very beneficial."

ANDREW D. WHITE, Ex-President of Cornell University, says: "One of the absolute necessities of housekeeping." *Be sure to get the genuine.*

EMMA ABBOTT, the celebrated prima donna, —"Valuable and beneficial."

HEYWOOD SMITH, M. D., M. R. C. P., of England.—"I have used it with marked benefit."

H. G. PRESTON, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.—"I know of no remedy so generally useful."

ARTHUR GUINNESS, M. D., F. R. C. S., of England.—"I have prescribed POND'S EXTRACT with great success."

JUSTIN D. FULTON, D. D., Brooklyn, N. Y. —"Proving itself to be a necessity in our home."

P. A. WESTERVELT, M. D., Nashville, Tenn. —"Have used large quantities of POND'S EXTRACT in my practice."

Mrs. S. B. RECORD, Matron, Home of Destitute Children.—"We find it most efficacious and useful."

In Bottles only. Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75.

Note our name on every wrapper and label.

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

CANDIDATES.

Candidates named under this heading are subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
E. M. TEWKSBURY
of Catawissa.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
JAMES T. FOX,
of Beaver township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
C. Z. SCHLICHER,
of Beaver township.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
GEN. C. M. BLAKER.

SHERIFF SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the court of common pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the court house in the town of Bloomsburg, Pa., on

MONDAY, MAY 7, 1888,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following real estate to-wit:

All those tracts, pieces or parcels of land situate in the township of Montour in the county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania bounded and described as follows to-wit: The first beginning at a post on corner of land of Soloman Giger thence running south along other lands of Soloman Giger sixty-eight degrees, west one hundred and four perches to a pine oak thence north along land of M. Faust nine degrees, west eighty-three perches to a stone thence south along land of the same eighty-one degrees, west seventy-three perches to a stone. thence north along land of the same ten and a half degrees, west twenty-eight perches to a stone, thence north along other lands of the said Daniel Giger deceased eighty-one degrees East one hundred and seventeen perches to a stone, thence north along lands of the same seventy degrees east forty-two perches to a stone thence south along lands of Solomon Giger fifteen and one half degrees, east one hundred and and one perches to a post the place of beginning containing sixty-four acres strict measure.

The second, beginning at a white oak tree and running thence along land of Daniel Giger's heirs, south eighty-one and three quarter degrees, west forty-nine and nine tenths perches to a stone thence north along land of John Giger's heirs, eight and three-quarter degrees, west sixty and two-tenths perches to a stone, thence north along land of Elias Giger eighty-two degrees, east fifty-nine and nine-tenths perches to a stone, and thence south along land of Christain Heist eight degrees, east sixty perches to a white oak tree the place of beginning containing eighteen acres and one hundred and forty-nine perches, neat measure, excepting and reserving to Barbara Geiger her heirs and assigns from and out of the aforesaid lands all the iron ore and any and all other minerals lying and being in, upon and under the said premises together the right of free ingress, egress and regress in, upon and over the said premises with miners and other workman with horses, carts and wagons to mine dig and carry away the iron ore and other minerals in, upon and under the said premises and to make and use such roads as may be required for the removal of said ore or minerals, together also with the right to use and occupy as much ground as may be required for the depositing of dirt, slate and other refuse from the mines, the said Barbara Giger, holding herself. her heirs and assigns now and at all times hereafter free and clear from every and all liability for loss or damage to the said Elmer W. Runyan her heirs or assigns occasioned either directly or indirectly by reason of the opening of mines upon the said premises or the making and constructing of roads through the same.

Seized taken into execution in the suit of Stacy John's executors and Deborah Harrison's executor against E. W. Runyan and to be sold as the property of E. W. Runyan.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR INCORPORATION.

In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Columbia.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said Court on the Eleventh day of May A. D. 1888, in the forenoon of said day at ten o'clock, under the "Corporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four," and the supplements thereto, by William Neal, W. H. Tubbs, H. H. Grotz, John Jamison, James Scarret and L. E. Waller for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the Echo Park Fish and Game Protective Association, the character and object of which is the preservation of fish in the upper waters of Fishing Creek and its tributaries, and the preservation of game upon the lands drained by and adjacent to the waters aforesaid, in the Counties of Columbia and Sullivan in the State of Pennsylvania; and for the purpose to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and its supplements.

JAMES SCARLET.
L. E. WALLER.
Solicitors.

April-30-'88

BRIDGE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Monday, the thirtieth day of April A. D. 1888, by B. J. Walter, C. W. Miller, John G. Freeze, I. S. Kuhn, Paul E. Wirt, H. V. White and others, under the act of assembly entitled, "an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th. 1874, and the supplement thereto for the charter of an intended corporation to be called The Bloomsburg Bridge Company, the charter and object of which is for the purpos of erecting constructing and maintaining a bridge and the approaches thereto over the North branch of the Susquehanna river, from a point at or near the Ferry road in the town of Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, to a point in Catawissa township on the opposite side of said river in the same county, and for those purposes to have possess, and enjoy all the rights benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto.

C. W. MILLER,
H. V. WHITE,
Solicitors.

mar 30-4w.

IF YOU HAVE CONSUMPTIVE

Have you Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Indigestion? Use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC without delay. It has cured many of the worst cases, and is the best remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs, and diseases arising from impure blood and exhaustion. The feeble and sick, suffering against disease, and slowly drifting to the grave, will in many cases recover their health by the timely use of Parker's Ginger Tonic, and delay is dangerous. Take it in time. It is invaluable for all pains and disorders of stomach and bowels. Sold by druggists. 50c. and $1 per bottle.

march-30-2-4t.

TRAVERSE JURORS FOR MAY TERM 1888.

Beaver—John Fritz, Israel Schell.
Benton—Hibbert Hulin, Eli Mendenhall
Franklin—Lloyd Rider.
Greenwood—J G Girton, Schuyler Kramer, Samuel Miller.
Hemlock—S Hartman, John Hartman.
Locust—Samuel Heinbold.
Main—Emanuel Mouser.
Mifflin—W G Dewitt.
Mt. Pleasant—Wm F Crawford, George L Johnson.
Pine—Lafayette Unger.
Scott—H N White.
Sugarloaf—Wilson Cole.

SECOND WEEK.

Benton—J J Karns.
Berwick—W C Barnard, George A Smith, Isaac Smith.
Bloom—R B Angel, A G Briggs, C H Ent, R J Morris, Henry M Rupert, Daniel Sitser.
Briarcreek—Steph'n Fetterick, O E Ferris.
Catawissa—Allen Barndt, Jacob Hower.
Centralia—David Dyke.
Center—A J Kocher.
Conyngham—Patrick Haley.
Fishingcreek—George Heath.
Greenwood—B F Gibson. J hn Lawton.
Hemlock—Mathias Girton.
Locust—G W Carl, D P Levan.
Madison—Cyrus Hartline.
Mifflin—M B Heiler
Montour—W C Johnson.
Mt. Pleasant—Wesley Mordan.
Orange—H W Brumbetter, W J Conner, M C Vance.
Roaringcreek—H P Cherrington, Amos Snyder.
Scott—Alfred Lowe, Charles H Lee, James D Terwilliger.

TRIAL LIST FOR MAY TERM, 1888.

Ellen M Crisman vs John Howell and R D Lacoe: H E Heacock vs Samuel T Hess.
H E Heacock vs Curry Masteller.
Marv E Heacock vs Philis & Reading R R Co et al.
L H Fowler vs C D Fowler.
Andrew Fowler vs C D Fowler.
A W Creasmer vs E H and R E Little.
J H Hoyt vs Berwick Borough
Franklin Yocum, Guardian, vs Wm J Zahner et al.
Daniel F Seybert vs Gideon G Hosler.
Rohr McHenry's use vs E J McHenry's admrx.
Daniel F Seybert vs James Sponenberg.
James Pollock vs Henry William Vanderslice.
Maud A Hartman vs William F Welliver.
M A Markle vs Berwick Borough.
B F Gardner vs Bloomsburg S & E L Co.
Alfred Irvin vs Bloomsburg & Sullivan R R Co.
Samuel Appleman's EX'rs vs Charles W Fisher.
William E Tubbs et al vs Freeman McAfee.
Albert B Croop vs H B Low.
Ed M David et al vs Jonas Crisman with notice.
Henry C Snyder vs Jackson & Woodin Mfg Co.
Bloomsburg Banking Co vs Stephen Pohe et al.
Daniel H Sponenberg vs George K Hess.
A A Warner & Co vs Wesley Bowman.
A Warner & Co vs J E Patterson.
Geo S Fleckenstine use vs A A Wilson.
George W Murphy vs L A Riley & Co.
John Moran vs James Barry's admrx.
A A Kline's Exrs vs Wm A Ikle.
Wm Brice & Co vs Mrs E Haffy.
Charles W Cole vs Ezekiel Cole.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Maggie Girton, by her next friend, Bernard Stoner vs. Charles Girton.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, No. 22, Dec. Term, 1887.

To Charles Girton, respondent above named;

Whereas, upon the petition or libel of the said Maggie Girton, above named, a subpœna being awarded by the Court of Common Pleas of said county, to the subpœna, issued out of the said court, commanding you, the said Charles Girton, to be and appear at the next regular term of said court, to show cause, if any you have, why the said libellant should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony which she has contracted with you, agreeably to the prayer of the petitioner; and, whereas, upon the return of the said subpœna, due proof was made that you could not be found or served with the same in the bailiwick of the sheriff of said county; whereupon an alias subpœna was awarded to the said court commanding you to be and appear at the next regular term of said court to answer, &c., as aforesaid, to which the same return was made by the sheriff.

You are therefore required to be and appear on the first day of regular term of said court, to be held at Bloomsburg, for the said county, on the first Monday of May next, A. D., 1888, to answer said complaint aforesaid.

SAMUEL SMITH,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Mar. 30, 1888.

NOTICE IN DIVORCE.

Maggie Magdeburg, by her next friend J. H. Vastine vs. Frederick Magdeburg.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, No. 19, Dec. Term, 1887.

To Frederick Magdeburg, respondent above named:

Whereas, upon the petition or libel of the said Maggie Magdeburg, above named, a subpœna being awarded by the Court of Common Pleas of said county, a subpœna issued out of the said court, commanding you, the said Frederick Magdeburg, to be and appear at the next regular term of said court, to show cause, if any you have, why the said libellant should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony which she has contracted with you, agreeably to the prayer of the petitioner; and, whereas, upon the return of the said subpœna, due proof was made that you could not be found or served with the same in the bailiwick of the sheriff of said county; whereupon an alias subpœna was awarded by the said court, commanding you to be and appear at the next regular term of said court, to answer, &c., as aforesaid, to which the same return was made by the sheriff.

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SAMUEL SMITH, Sheriff.

Sheriff's office, Bloomsburg, Pa., Mar. 30, 1888.

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A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 235 Greenwich St., New York. mar30d4t.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

—OF THE—

TOWN OF BLOOMSBURG,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 31st, 1888.

FUNDED DEBT.

Bonds due Aug 1, 1887		$ 200 00
" " Jan 1, 1888		600 00
" " Feby 1, "		500 00
" " Aug 1, "		770 0
" " 1, 1889		780 00
" " 1, 1890		690 00
" " 1, 1891		820 00
" " 1, 1892		850 00
" " 1, 1893		840 00
" " 1, 1894		910 00
" " 1, 1895		920 00
" " 1, 1896		150 00
" " 1, 1897		100 0
" " 1, 1898		1130 00
" " 1, 1899		1000 00
" " 1, 1900		780 00
" " 1, 1901		350 00
" " 1, 1902		310 00
" " 1, 1903		320 00
" " 1, 1904		340 00
" " 1, 1905		360 00
" " 1, 1906		650 00
		$ 15040 00

VALUATION OF TAXABLE PROPERTY IN 1887.

Real Estate	$ 1,419,335	
Personal property	28,380	
Occupations	176,640	
		$1,624,355 00
Two per cent of the above valuations		32,487 10
ASSETS.		
Balance on duplicate of 1884	$ 184 48	
" " " 1886	154 03	
" " " 1887	2159 64	
		$2598 15
Due from sundry persons on account		89 55
Due from estate J H Harman sewer permit	$ 10 00	
Due from J D Fowler (C W Miller) sewer permit	5 00	
		15 00
Due from sundry persons on old account		5 46
		$2708 16
OTHER LIABILITIES		
Orders of 1883 outstanding	$ 26 09	
" " 1884 "	7 00	
" " 1885 "	323 88	
" " 1886 "	117 88	
" " 1887 "	2129 43	
Coupons Nos 80 and 73 of 1886-7 unpaid	3 00	
Coupons of 1886-7 due and unpaid	315 34	
		$2923 00
Excess		214 84
Amount of funded debt brought forward		15040 00
Total indebtedness		$15254 84

NEWTON BOONE Collector for 1884.

DR.

To balance on duplicate..... $294 48

M. C. WOODWARD, Collector for 1886.

DR.

To balance on duplicate..... $1976 45

CR.

By exonerations allowed	$ 56 80	
By cash paid B P Vannatta, treasurer	1735 93	
Balance due	184 03	
		$1976 45

M. C. WOODWARD, Collector for 1887.

DR.

To amount of duplicate..... $2560 91

CR.

By cash paid B P Vannatta treasurer	$ 700 57	
Balance due	2159 64	
		$2860 21

B. P. VANNATTA, Treasurer for 1887 in account with the Town of Bloomsburg.

DR.

To amount of tax roll for '87	$ 7625 50	
" " rec'd from Wm Chrisman late treasurer being balance	8 32	
To amount rec'd from bonds negotiated issue of Oct 1887	5000 00	
To amount state tax collected on bonds	15 09	
To amount rec'd from B F Zarr late pres't for sewer permits	10 00	
To amount rec'd from " F Zarr late pres't for show licenses	5 00	
To amount received from P S Harman pres't for sewer permits	110 00	
To amount received from P S Harman pres't for show licenses, &c	52 25	
To amount rec'd from C W Miller for shoveling snow	25	
To amount rec'd from David Winner per M C Woodward on duplicate of 1885	211 50	
To amount rec'd from David Winner on duplicate of 1885 in full	26 70	
To amount from M Woodward on duplicate 1886	1735 90	
To amount from M C Woodward on dup licate 1887	700 57	
		$15505 08

B. P. Vannatta, Treasurer for 1887 in account with the Town of Bloomsburg.

CR.

By amt of duplicates of M'C Woodward collector for 1887, being amt uncollected by treasurer on tax roll for 1887	$	2859 61
By amt of orders paid during the year	$ 11371 19	
By amt of coupons paid during the year	980 24	
By amt of bonds paid during the year viz:		
Bond No 114	$140	
" " 70	100	
" " 71	900	
" " 99	160	
" " 72	200	
By amt of treas commission on $7463 98 @ 1½ per cent	111 95	
By amt of treas commission on $5 00 00 @ 1 per cent	50 00	
Balance in hands of treas	52 19	
		$ 13645 57

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" " 1, 1898		1130 00
" " 1, 1899		1000 00
" " 1, 1900		780 00
" " 1, 1901		350 00
" " 1, 1902		310 00

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., Wall St., N. Y.

The Columbian

Published every Friday. Subscription price, $1.50 a year.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BLOOMSBURG, PA

FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1888.

CORRECT RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN RAILROAD

STATIONS.	SOUTH. Arrive. P. M.	Arrive. A. M.	NORTH. Arrive. A. M.	Leave. P. M.
Bloomsburg	1 55	8 00	8 45	6 40
Main Street	1 44	7 53	8 49	6 42
Irondale	1 41	7 50	9 00	6 45
Paper Mill	1 33	7 40	9 14	6 54
Lightstreet	1 28	7 35	9 22	6 58
Orangeville	1 13	7 23	9 40	7 10
Forks	12 57	7 11	9 58	7 22
Tubbs	12 50	7 05	10 05	7 27
Stillwater	12 43	7 00	10 15	7 33
Benton	12 30	6 50	10 30	7 45
	Leave. P. M.	Leave. A. M.	Arrive. A. M.	Arrive. P. M.

Trains on the P. & R. R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:21 a. m.	11:00 a. m.
3:37 p. m.	6:04 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7:19 a. m.	8:32 a. m.
11:07 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
2:24 p. m.	4:15 p. m.
6:36 p. m.	8:47 p. m.

Trains on the N. & W. B. Railway pass Bloom Ferry as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:46 a. m.	11:49 a. m.
6.36 p. m.	4:39 p. m.

SUNDAY. NORTH.	SOUTH.
10:16 a m	6:39 p m

SALES.

FOR SALE.—A desirable and commodious residence on Main street, supplied with water, gas and steam. Apply to jan20tf. L. N. MOYER.

WANTED.—At once, two girls to learn dressmaking. Call or address, Miss LIZZIE YETTER, Fifth street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE.—A Jersey cow and calf. The calf is past four weeks old Will be sold at a bargain. Mrs. B STOHNER, Bloomsburg.

Personal.

Dr. and Mrs. L. A. Shattuck returned from Florida last week.

Mr. Chas. Watson and son, of Philadelphia were registered at the Exchange the latter part of last week.

Judge Elwell will return from the south next week should the weather moderate sufficiently.

Mr. C. C. Trench returned from his Florida trip Tuesday night. He reports having spent a delightful time in hunting and fishing.

Trout fishing is now legal.

The oyster trade is falling off.

Lilac blossoms will soon be in full bloom,

Black bass fishing will commence June 1st.

Lawn tennis and croquet will soon be revived.

April showers put in an early appearance.

Next Friday, 27th inst, will be Arbor day.

Mrs T. C. Fowler died on Tuesday afternoon.

April 27—Arbor Day—is also the birthday of General Grant.

A new morning paper will soon be started in Scranton.

A camp of P. O. S. of A. has been organed at this place.

Spring is having a hard struggle to secure a firm foothold.

A larger selection of wall paper than ever before, at Mercer's.

W. F. Bodine is building a paint shop on Iron street below Main.

Clinton Sterling is making some repairs to his home on lower Third street.

200 pieces of 10 cent music just received at J. Saltzer's, Bloomsburg.

Judge Archbald, of Scranton, will hold the May term of court.

A handsome line of ceiling decorations for a pretty room, at Mercer's.

G. A. Clark carries a first-class line of ceiling decorations.

Trailing arbutus is now in bloom and searchers for that flower are abundant.

Bids for the erection of the Silk Mill are in, and the result will soon be made known.

There will be an inspection on Saturday for the location of the river bridge.

For wall paper at lowest prices go to Mercer's.

Weather Prophet DeVoe predicts that the warmest days of next summer will be the 2d, 3d and 4th of August.

A fine line of Wall Paper, Window Curtains and fixtures of all kinds and prices at G. A. Clark's.

J. Z. Little and company in "The World," at the Opera House, Friday evening, April 20. Don't miss it.

"Nothing is ever really lost or can be lost," sings Walt Whitman. Walt appears to have never played poker.—*Chicago Mail.*

Economy, comfort and satisfaction goes with every purchase made of clothing at Lowenberg's Clothing Store.

A Brooklyn girl ate arsenic to destroy pimples. The destruction was so complete that neither the pimples nor the girl were left.

The centennial meeting of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church is to be held in Philadelphia, commencing the 24th of May.

The orchestra of Italian musicians, consisting of harp and two violins, that visit this place every year, has been here this week and made excellent music.

There will be a state sanitary convention held at Lewisburg, Union county, under the auspices of the state board of health, on Thursday and Friday, May 17 and 18.

The man with nothing else to do is beginning to declare that the winter of 1888-9 will be the hardest in the memory of the oldest inhabitants.

Everything which belongs to pure, healthy blood is imparted by Hood's Sarsaparilla. A trial will convince you of its merit.

Mr. B. B. Freas, chief of police, wishes to give final notice to boys loafing upon the street corners. They must desist at once or all will be arrested.

E. Jacoby has made arrangements whereby he will get his shad during the balance of the season direct from the fisherman on the Delaware river. This will make them 24 hours fresher in market.

Martha, wife of S. W. Edgar Esq., of Scranton, died on the 10th inst. and was buried on Friday. She was a daughter of Mr. William Connell of Scranton, and a most estimable lady.

A shad supper will be served for 25cts by the ladies of the W. C. T. U. at their rooms corner of Main and Market streets on Saturday evening, April 21st, from 5 to 10 o'clock. Ice cream and cake extra.

Spring styles in Hats, Dunlap, Youman, Pocket. Hats in all the new shades just received at Lowenberg's.

A dispatch from Honesdale says: Prothonotary Carr issued a marriage license to a couple of children, their ages being, boy 17 years, girl 14 years. The consent of the parents was granted.

A fine lot of United States 6 octave organs, and Miller organs will arrive the last of this week at J. Saltzer's Great Music and Sewing Machine rooms, Main St., Bloomsburg.

Game and fish law is as follows:—Ducks, September 1 to May 16; Woodcock, July 4th to January 1; Salmon or Speckled Trout, April 15 to July 15. Black bass, Pike and Pickerel, June 1st to January 1st.

Subscribers notifying us of a change of address should remember in writing to give their former place of residence as well as the new one, as it will save a great deal of trouble.

Scientists tell us that a man's brains decrease in size as he grows older. The human brain, it appears, weighs the heaviest between the ages of fourteen as twenty This explains why the young men know so much more than their father.

Call and see G. A. Clark's fine lot of cheap gilt wall papers, you can secure a bargain.

The 19th annual convention of the Columbia County Sunday School Association will meet in the M. E. church of Lightstreet on Wednesday and Thursday, June 6 and 7. The programs will be sent out in due time.

Mrs. B. Stohner, having moved into the rooms in the Exchange building, next to the Express office, will carry on the business of Baker and Confectioner. Fresh bread, pies and cakes every day. Oysters and clams in season.

Mr. Holland McHenry, of Benton, was in Philadelphia this week, purchasing a full stock of spring goods consisting of dry goods, groceries etc. which will be received at his general store in a few days and will be sold at low prices.

It is simply carelessness of people who frequently throw large pieces of paper on the street, sometimes an entire newspaper, little thinking of the serious results that may ensue. Nothing frightens the average horse more than to have a piece of paper blown in his face from the street, as is likely to be the case in windy weather

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the post office at Orangeville, Tuesday April 17, 1888.

Miss Libbie Hutchison, Mr. W. E. Troutman, Lagar Hensel.

Parties calling for the above please say "advertised." W M MASTELLER, P. M.

For window curtains, dado and plain either on or off rollers at lowest prices go ot Mercer's.

EDITORS COLUMBIAN:

Your correspondent is inaccurate in writing "the Statue of Liberty enlightening the world." Such is not the idea nor the name. To enlighten is to inform the mind. But the Statue of Liberty raises aloft a torch, and the idea and purpose and legend are "Liberty lighting the world."

Twenty-five cents a day purchases a $3,000 policy in The Travelers, of Hartford, which is payable in event of death by accident, with $15 weekly indemnity for wholly disabling injury. J. H. Maize, agent, second floor COLUMBIAN building, Bloomsburg. tf.

Two of Madison township's citizens intend making Bloomsburg their home. Mr. D. M. Sheep occupies the Eves' property in Snyder's addition on corner of Wood and East streets. J. W. Sheep has moved into the Galignan house on Third street. The former we are informed expects to assist at Creasy & Wells' lumber yard, while the latter will do general hauling.

The next eclipse of the moon will occur on the night of July 22d, and will be more interesting than the one of January 28th. The diameter of the earth's shadow will be much larger at that time in proportion to the diameter of the moon, darkening its surface more totally. It will take place at midnight, when the moon will be higher in the heavens, and will be visible in this section.

The alley at the Opera House coming from the Exchange Hotel stables is fourteen feet wide. The foundation wall for the entrance to the cellar of J. K. Lockard's new building extends into the alley two feet and ten inches, and the adjoining property owners are complaining, and it is likely a lawsuit will follow. The front of Lockard's building will be put out on the line of the street, which is fourteen inches outside the line of the Exchange building.

The managers of the Opera House, Messrs. Dentler and Peacock, guarantee that "The World," which will be presented Friday evening, will be the finest production given here this season. The scenery the company carries is magnificent and will all positively be used in the play as presented here. A number of our townspeople have seen "The World" presented in the cities and all speak of it in the highest terms. There should be a large audience present on Friday evening.

A little April fool joke was perpetrated on the residents of Northumberland and Sunbury by some young men of the former town. They had bills printed for a negro baptism service to come off at College Landing, Northumberland, at one o'clock p. m., April 1st. At the appointed hour all the curious of the two towns were at the Landing to see the negro baptismal services, and it was some time before it dawned upon them that they were the victims of a practical joke.

Buy Lester's School Shoes. Every pair warranted.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Bloomsburg for week ending April 17, 1888

Johan Baess, H. O. Hartman, Mr. T. Melleck, Daniel Trumbach, Mrs. C. C. Webb.

Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised."

GEORGE A CLARK, P. M.

At a meeting of republicans last Monday, D. A. Beckley of Bloomsburg and M. W. Jackson of Berwick were elected delegates to the State convention. Capt. Ted Reese of Centralia was also a candidate, but as it was not certain that he could be controlled by the Cooper-Quay combination he was defeated. The delegates are uninstructed, but will use their influence for Cooper for state chairman, and probably for Gordon for Supreme Judge

Sock Pianos in use 10 years and needs no repairs.

Jamaica, L. I. N. Y. Sept. 29, 1885.

Geo. Steck & Co., Gentlemen.—Nineteen years ago one of your Pianos was put into the Public School of this village. It has been in constant use ever since, has never needed any repairing, and is still a good piano Respectfully,

W. J. Ballard, Principal

J. Saltzer, general agent, Bloomsburg, Pa.

A fact—we have the largest line of wall paper in Columbia county, at popular prices. J. H. Mercer.

The audience that witnessed "Nan's Acre Lot" at the Opera House Thursday evening of last week was of good size but it was not nearly as large as it should have been. The play is a good one and was well rendered by an efficient company. Tutein, the accomplished and brilliant little soubrette, as "Nan," by her bright manners and winning presence took the audience by storm from the start, and nearly every one of her songs was encored. Harry Pepper played "Billy Butters" well and the remainder of the company were well up in their parts. Mr. Pepper has a magnificent tenor voice and his ballad singing and duets with Tutein were applauded to the echo. The performance was the best that has been seen at the Opera House for some time.

The May number of *Harper's Magazine* is not deficient in fiction, although there is less, perhaps, than usual. William Black's "In Far Lochaber" develops an unexpected turn, and strengthens the reader's interest materially. The three short stories "The adventures of Two Men," by Miss Julia D. Whiting, "An Unpromising Marriage," by Miss Annie Bigelow, daughter of the Hon. John Bigelow, and "Lamentations of Jeremiah Johnson," by Ruth McEnery Stuart, are bright, and contrast pleasantly with one another. The supply of poetry is proportionate. Miss Rives contributes some charming verses asking "Why?" and Richard E. Burton declares the reasonable inferences of a certain "If So." There is a beautiful illustration for Wordsworth's sonnet "Mount Skiddaw," the work of Alfred Parsons; while E. A. Abbey illuminates with his graceful pencil the droll old English poem, known as "The Married Man."

The "Convocation of Williamsport" will hold its spring session at St. Paul's church, Bloomsburg. The opening service will be on Monday evening next (23rd inst.) at 7.30, when the Rev. L. K. Nelson, of Renovo, will preach. On Tuesday morning there will be a service at 10:30, and a sermon by the Rev. Charles Morison of Sunbury. On Tuesday evening at 7.30, there will be interesting addresses on the following topics: "The Place and Influence of Men in Parish Work," by the Rev. C. T. Wood, "The Church's Relation to Social Questions," by Rev. C. La Rue Munson of Williamsport, "The Church's Relation to Christian Unity," by the Rev. D. L. Fleming. On Wednesday at 10:30 a. m. the preacher will be the Rev. Mr. Ware of Wellsboro. On Wednesday evening at 7:30, the closing service will be held; there will be a "Model Sunday School Lesson" by the Rev. Mr. Graff of Williamsport, followed by addresses from several of the clergy. All are cordially invited to these services.

Wonderful bargains in spring and summer goods can now be had at the popular store of Lowenberg's estate.

"The World" with its wealth of magnificent scenery and company of Chicago favorites opened a weeks engagement at Hooley's Theatre last evening The house was filled to its utmost with the elite of Chicago, including our ablest and most severe critics to witness this popular product of J. Z Little's gifted pen, which has found such favor among our theatre goers. What makes the "World" so popular and long lived? is naturally asked. In reply we will say, because there is a purity in the whole conception of the piece, which at once aims at the hearts of the audience, and the details, situations, and dialogue have that naturalness and pleasing air of originality. It also possesses more scenic features than any play ever written. Its raft scene has been admired throughout Europe, Australia and America, and when it comes back to Chicago again after four years' absence it is as realistic and mystifying as before, as is the panorama scene, the revolving scene and sinking ship, and all the other popular mechanical devices. The "World" has been produced in Chicago thirty-seven weeks and the public's verdict of approval is manifested in the largest house of the season on this the opening of its thirty-eighth, after an absence of four years. J. Z. Little is as pleasing as ever in the dual role.—*Chicago Herald*

Don't fail to see this great play at the Opera House Friday evening April 20.

Boiler Explosion at Centralia.

THREE MEN SERIOUSLY INJURED BY FLYING PIECES.

One of a nest of eleven boilers at Centralia Colliery exploded on Sunday morning with fearful results. The fireman noticed that one of the boilers was leaking and went about examining it while the engineer started for the engine room to turn off the steam. He had no sooner reached it when the explosion occurred.

Neither the fireman nor engineer were injured, but Michael Dixson, James Flynn and John Purcell, who were standing on the Lehigh Valley Railroad opposite the colliery, were struck with the flying pieces of boiler and seriously injured. The boiler house took fire, but was extinguished by the people of the neighborhood. The boiler house was completely wrecked and the colliery will be idle for two weeks in consequence. Loss will reach $2,500.

A Great Battle

Is continually going on in the human system. The demon of impure blood strives to gain victory over the constitution, to ruin health, to drag victims to the grave. A good reliable medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla is the weapon with which to defend one's self, drive the desperate enemy from the field, and restore peace and bodily health for many years, Try this peculiar medicine.

Buy Lester's School Shoes, Every pair warranted.

The "poverty party" is the latest society wrinkle that has broken out in some places. It has the advantage of being inexpensive if nothing else. The way it is done is about as follows: A lady invites a lot of friends and all of the women appear in calico and the men in their oldest clothes. A few colored musicians with fiddles furnish the music Tallow dips furnish the lights and everything about the house is made to appear as property stricken as possible Bread and herring or cake and beer, or some similar economical refreshment is served.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the North & West Branch Railway Company is called for Tuesday, April 24th, 1888 at 12 o'clock M., at 233 South Fourth street Philadelphia.

Election for President and Directors same day and place.

apr.6-3t. ALBERT HEWSON, Sec.

Glass Blowers.

Mlle. Addie's Glass Blowers and Nevaro's Novelty occupies the Opera House next week, blowing and spinning souvenirs for every visitor They come to us well recommended. They give a grand stage performance every hour, introducing the Beaumonts, musical artists, Nevaro the ventriloquist and magician They have 8 Glass workers, so every one visiting will be sure to get a present. Admission 10 cents to all. Open from 1 to 5 and 7 to 10 P. M.

Nothing to Equal It.

"I have been selling Simmons Liver Regulator for the past six years. My customers pronounce it the best ever used. One of my customers whose health was in a wretched condition from a very bad and stubborn case of Dyspepsia, used the Regulator and was entirely cured. I am using it myself for torpid liver, caused by close confinement. I find nothing to equal it and highly recommend its use. Respectfully, C. P. Hisey, Druggist, Edinburg, Va.

An Indiana Freak of Nature.

A freak of nature that would require strong adjectives of a Barnum advertising agent to properly describe, was brought to town in a paper box the other morning by J. C. Thompson of Easton. Mr. Thompson procured it in Indiana. It is a cross between a dog and a rabbit. The head is feline with whiskers, teeth and all, while the fore part of the body and shoulders is rabbit, with dog claws on its cat-like feet. The other half of the body is dog, except the tail, which resembles a rat's tail in every particular.—*Shamokin Dispatch.*

Bloomsburg's Funded Debt.

We give below the amount of the funded debt of the town of Bloomsburg during the past ten years. A comparison of the amounts shows that we have been carrying about $15,000 for each year, with a slight decrease and advance until the year 1885 when it was reduced $2,280, being the greatest reduction in one year during the past ten. In 1886 it was reduced $3,180. The total reduction for the two years being $4 460. Last year was the greatest increase being $4.314. Here are the amounts:

April 1st,	1878	$14,853.74
" "	1879	14,600 00
" "	1880	12,600 00
" "	1881	11,800.00
" "	1882	13,500 00
" "	1883	14,260.00
" "	1884	13,320 00
" "	1885	15,400.00
" "	1886	13,120 00
" "	1887	10,940 00
" "	1888	15,254.00

Farmers.

For a full line of plows, land rollers, Scotch and Lansing spring tooth harrows, drills and corn planters at bottom prices go to WHITE, CONNER & SLOAN. tf. Orangeville, Pa

Supreme Court.

All the cases that were taken up from this county were argued in the Supreme Court at Philadelphia last week. They were as follows: Lewars admr. vs. Weaver, argued by Rhawn for plaintiff in error, Freeze for defendant in error; Herron et al. vs. Murphy, argued by Freeze for plaintiff, Ricketts for defendant; Locust Mountain Water Co. vs. Yorgey, argued by Freeze for plaintiff, Scarlet for defendant; Robison vs. Trench, argued by Robison for plaintiff, Freeze for defendant; Hess vs Calender Exr. argued by Scarlet for plaintiff, Ikeler for defendant; D. L. & W. R. R. Co. vs. Cadow, argued by Elwell for plaintiff, Ikeler and Chrisman for defendant; Robison vs. Fetterman, argued by Robison and Ikeler for plaintiff, Freeze for defendant; Bloom School case, argued by Scarlet for appellants, Elwell for appellees. A non pros. was entered in the Numidia church case, no paper book having been printed.

None of the cases argued have yet been decided.

Removed! Removed!!

W. L. Fornwald's Barber Shop to the Central Hotel, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in the tonsorial line and the latest styles of the day. Ladie's and children's hair cutting a specialty.

East Benton.

Last week, Alvin Drescher, near New Columbus, came upon a den of blacksnakes and slew 19 of them whose aggregate length measured 90 feet.

Quarterly meeting was held at Hamlin last Friday and Saturday and the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered on Sunday afternoon when Rev. Ganoe, Presiding Elder, preached an interesting sermon; Revs. Boone, McClosky and Horning were also present.

John Creveling, of Van Camp, attended quarterly meeting last Sunday. He is in his 80th year.

Daniel Ashelman's wind mill is a success in windy weahter. In a strong wind it exhibits a two horse power. Last Saturday afternoon his chopping machine ran till it hummed. It is highly geared with cog gearing. The wind wheel makes about thirty revolutions per minute.

The wet, cold spring has delayed farming.

We frequently see lists of aged people in newspapers. We will send the names and ages of a few in our community. Jesse Albertson aged 90, Simon Tubbs in his 90th, Peter Ipher 80, John Creveling in his 80th, Peter Kase 77, Reuben Gibbons 75, Samuel Yost 88.

It is a Curious Fact

That the body is now more susceptible to benefit from medicine than at any other season. Hence the importance of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now, when it will do you the most good. It is really wonderful for purifying and enriching the blood, creating an appetite, and giving a healthy tone to the whole system. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is peculiar to itself.

THE HOMLIEST MAN IN BLOOMSBURG as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the throat and lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and relieve all chronic and acute coughs, asthma, bronchitis and consumption. Price 50 cents and $1.

Buy Lester's School Shoes, Every pair warranted.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, April 16, 1888.

30-inch Wick Striped and Plaided Scotch Ginghams, 25c; imported to sell at 40c. That is the chit of the meatiest kernel we've had in Ginghams for many a day. Stylish stuffs, perfect in every way; as good 40-cent Ginghams as ever crossed the Cheviot Hills, and you may have them with 15 cents clipped from the price of every yard.

Haven't counted the styles—dozens of them, and not a mean one in the lot.

Those big trade wheels all the time rolling our way bring happy surprises for you at every turn. Worth watching for.

Henrietta. Wool grafted on Silk. Longitude silk, latitude wool. Genuine mulberry-leaf-silk-worm Silk; no-mistake-sheep Wool. Each fibre gains from its yoke-fellow. A mixed fabric without the faults of mixed fabrics. No rant or bluster about Henrietta. Blue blooded but modest. Black and colors—two colors for every finger on both your hands. Black, $1 to $4; colors, $1.25 and $1.50.

All-wool Henrietta, 100. Plenty of friends. Same colors as the silk-and-wool. Silky finish. No skimp anywhere; wool as soft and fine as that from the moss-fed Shetland sheep. Care in the spinning, extra care in the weaving, art work in dyeing. A clinging billowy stuff in every tint that Fashion smiles on. 46 inches, 85c, $1, and $1.25.

More stuffs of the same patrician blood—Cashmere (50c to $1.25), Albatross (50c to $1), Veiling (50c to $1). A trick of the weave, a trick of the finish is most of the difference. No fitter, fairer dress goods of the weight are got out of wool than you find in this prism-tinted sisterhood.

Challis, too; like wave-crests sun-kissed. They have overflowed to another counter. 50 and 60c.

Tumbling in prices in all-wool dress stuffs. A few shortened lots of this season's styles. Spring weight, desirable shades; handsome, cheerful patterns—jumbly mixtures mostly—but some of the colorings gone. They began the week at 37½c, to-day 25c.

Another lot; cotton-and-wool Suitings. Checks and mixtures. They've been among the quickest things in the house at 25c, to-day 20c.

Yet another; all-wool plaid and mixed Suitings. Soft, firm, full of wear and good looks. Reduced from 50 to 37½c.

Plenty more. To list them here would fill the column. We hang two or three up in the papers to set you looking, rummaging, asking for them.

Linen Lawns are daintier than ever. The firm but delicate touch of simplicity is on their sheer, white folds. A bud, a bit of branch, a tiny floweret, is all the pattern, but that is everything. 24 in., 22, 30, and 35c. Colored grounds, light blue, pink, dark blue, and black, with white figures, 40c. White Linen Laws, 24, 29, 32, and 34 inches, 20 to 75c.

Table Linens show signs of Spring weakening—in prices. German Cream Damask, 64 inches, 50c; 74 inches, 75c. Napkins to match, 19-inch, $1.10; 20-inch, $1.50; 23-inch, $2 a dozen. Your chance for them will be small after the hotel people find them out.

Fine White Damask, $1, $1.25, $1.45, $1.50, $1.65, $2. Full width German Linen Damask Lunch Sets, pure white; cloth 2¼ yards long, 12 matching doilies, $4 the set.

Unbleached Irish Damask, 62 inches, 50c.

Japanese Umbrellas. The Japs outdo the world in these things. A little paper and wood and paint and Jap wit, and presto! there are the Umbrellas. Lightness and brightness. Graceful shapes. We've almost any sort or size that comes from Japan. For children, 10 to 75c; Sun Umbrellas, 50c to $1.50; Lawn Umbrellas up to 12 feet spread, $9, $10, $12.

Our 200-page Spring and Summer Catalogue will be ready in a few days. It contains much information concerning our goods and prices, and will be a valuable aid to our out-of-town customers. We will send it free of charge on receipt of a postal card request.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

LOCAL NOTICES.

All kinds of fancy Colored Glass, Embossed and Enameled at Schuyler's Hardware Store. 2t,

I. W. Hartman & Sons have begun the sale of white goods in earnest.

New spring goods received at Mrs. C. E. Rabb's, near Corell's furniture store, which will be sold at very low prices. a18-2w

Ready mixed paints, beautiful colors, $1.00 a gallon, at Schuyler's Hardware Store. 2t,

Ladies' fine gauze vests 35cts a piece at H. W. SLOAN'S.

BLOOMSBURG.

Fine Cabinet portraits only $3. doz. Life size Crayons only $10.00. Viewing, copying and enlarging. Instant process used. tf.

Electric Bells, Batteries, Wire, push Buttons etc. at Schuyler's Hardware Store. 2t

I. W. Hartman & Sons' new spring sateens are the admiration of the ladies. Go and see them.

New Hamburg embroideries, panels, picque flouncings with embroidery to match at H. W. SLOAN'S.

Dr. Honora A. Robbins treats diseases of the eye and ear, and is prepared to test eyes for glasses. Mar.30-3m.

Letters come in every day to I. W. Hartman & Sons for samples of dress goods, &c.

Before purchasing your gloves call and see our assortment in kid, silk and lisle at H. W. SLOAN'S.

J. H. Stecker has a nice lot of bananas, which will be sold cheap. Oranges, bananas and lemons always on hand, which are sold cheap.

The new shades of Dress Cloth at I. W. Hartman & Sons' are attracting buyers.

As large and fine assortment of cotton hosiery as will be found in town at H. W. SLOAN'S.

I. W. Hartman & Sons are leaders in fancy dishes, glassware, Lamps, &c.

Call and see the new lines of corsets and childrens' waists at H. W. Sloan's. Among others a very fine light weight French corset suitable for summer wear.

The new short coats and spring shawls at I. W. Hartman & Sons' are on sale cheap.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which we sell on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c. and $1. Trial size free. At all druggists.

TO PRESERVE NATURAL FLOWERS.—Dip the flowers in melted paraffine, withdrawing them quickly. The liquid should be only just hot enough to maintain its fluidity and the flowers should be dipped one at a time, held by the stocks and moved about for an instant to get rid of air bubbles. Fresh cut flowers, free from moisture, make excellent specimens in this way. If you would preserve your health and invigorate your entire system use Perrine's Pure Barley Malt Whiskey. For sale by C. B. Robbins, Bloomsburg, Pa. [eow.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

Estate of John Hoats, deceased.

To Reuben Hausman, Nathan Hausman, Edward Hausman, Sarah Eisenhard, Caroline Hunt, Louisa Weiland, Mary Scherer, Caroline Scherer, Sarah Brown, all in Lehigh county; Charles Hoats, John R. Hoats, Jacob Hoats, Catharine Hoats, Mary Hoats, Mary Shuman all in Schuylkill county; Caroline Singley, John Henninger, Frank Nuss, David Nuss, Charles A. Shuman guardian of John Nuss and Lydia Nuss all in Beaver township, Columbia county, Pa.

Take notice that in pursuance of an order in the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., an inquest will be held on the premises, on real estate of said decedent, situate in Beaver township, Columbia county Pa., tract No. 1 containing thirty-one acres and ten perches, neat measure; tract No. 2 containing ten acres and fifty-six perches strict measure, whereon is erected a house, barn and out buildings; tract No. 3 containing fifty acres strict measure; on Thursday May 3rd, 1888, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. for the purpose of making partition of the said real estate to and among the children and legal representatives of said decedent. If the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law; at which time and place you can attend, if you think proper.

SAMUEL SMITH, 13 apr Sheriff.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and will be presented to the said Court on the first Monday of May A. D. 1888 and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute.

1. First and final account of R. W. Hess committee of Fannie Coleman a lunatic.

WM. H. SNYDER, Prothy.

Prothonotary's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., April 9, 1888.

ARE YOU GOING to have any paper-hanging done this spring? If so observe these prices for newest patterns, perfect, full length.

Lustre or mica paper, 6 cents roll.
Beautiful gold paper, 15 cents roll.
Felt or cartridge paper, 20 cents roll.
Heavy embossed gold paper, 35 cents roll.

We'll send free to any address in the United States a full line of samples, with borders to match. L. DIAMENT & CO., 1206 Market St., Philadelphia, Pa. 12 apr im

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Walters deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the administrator of said decedent, as appears by his account confirmed, to and among the parties entitled thereto, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday May 2nd, 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to attend to the duties of his appointment, when and where all parties having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same or be forever debarred from any share of said fund.

apr1-6-88 J. H. MAIZE, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH PETERMAN DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the funds in the hands of B. F. Peterman administrator, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, April 21st, 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove them, or be debarred from any share in said fund.

GEO. E. ELWELL, Auditor. mar30-4t.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

PROPERTY.

There will be offered at public sale on the premises

TUESDAY, MAY 1, 1888, at 1 o'clock p. m. The

Planing Mill, Dry-dock, Lumber-yard and Sheds

(The property of the late Daniel Brader deceased) located on the banks of the Penna. Canal, with excellent wharfage facilities and within ¼ mile of the D. L. & W. depot at Beach Haven Lit. Co. Pa., a GOOD FERRY also connects this place with the country on the opposite side of the Susquehanna river.

The machinery consists of a large

PLANER, MOULDING AND MATCHING MACHINE, TURNING LATHE BRACKET AND CIRCULAR SAWS

All in running order, it has a

10-horse Power Water Wheel

under a 36 foot head. The mill is 36 x 45 feet with two large lumber sheds, one 19 x 94 feet. There being but one other planing mill and lumber yard within a radius of 7 miles and a good business in this line is assured. There is also a brisk demand for dockage and repairs of canal boats, a good business can also be done in this line. The large and convenient dwelling house and premises thereto with good barn will be sold together with other property if desired by purchaser. Widow's dower will be left in the property or not as desired. A lot of farming and boat building tools, lumber, bar iron, doors, sash, &c. will also be offered for sale. Terms of sale—not less than $500 down and the balance in easy payments if desired, with 6 per cent. interest.

SARAH BRADER, Executrix of Dan'l Brader's Estate. Beach Haven, Pa.

Catarrh SAMPLE TREATMENT Free We mail enough to convince. E. S. LAUDENBACH & Co., 172 Broad St., Newark, N. J. march-30-3-4t.

Spring Specialties AT LOWENBERG'S.

Light Colored Cheviots in SACK and 4-Button CUTAWAY SUITS,

WITH LOW CUT VESTS.

Fine Dark Blue and Black Worsteds, Corkscrew, Broadway Diagonal and Block Worsted in Sacks and Cutaways, and HANDSOME

PRINCE ALBERTS in all qualities.

NICE LIGHT SPRING

OVERCOATS, one all wool (a special leader) at $5.00

Very Pretty Children's

SUITS

Plain or pleated and belted in dark and light colors.

Sailor Suits

with Blue and Grey, also

KILT SUITS

with Pleated Skirt for smaller Children

AT D. LOWENBERG'S

OPERA HOUSE One Performance Only.

Friday, April 20th.

THE ONLY COMPANY IN AMERICA THAT GUARANTEES TO PRODUCE EVERY SCENE.

First Production of the Reigning Dramatic Sensation

THE WORLD.

in 6 acts and 8 tableaux

$10,000 FOR SCENERY AND EFFECTS ALONE.

The following scenes are all entirely new: THE HARBOR AND SHIPPING, DECK OF AN OCEAN STEAMER AT SEA, THE SINKING SHIP.

—THE RAFT.—

occupying ten thousand feet of canvas and covering the entire stage from wall to wall with its surging waves and terrible realisms THE GARDENS OF SICILY, THE LUNATIC ASYLUM THE REVOLVING SCENE, and magnificient MOVING PANORAMA, and exquisitely beautiful effect THE MOON UPON THE LAKE. THE HOTEL PARLOR, ETC., ECT. America's favorite sensation author and actor J. Z. LITTLE and a company of unexceptionable ability.

NOTE—Every scene produced as advertised.

SPECIAL.

We have now in stock the most complete line of **Black Dress Goods** we have ever shown, comprising **Silk Warp Henriettas, Wool Henriettas, Cashmeres, Velours, Bengalines, Alma Cloths, Armures,** Nuns Veilings, &c., at prices lower than ever, all of which we invite you to call and see. CLARK & SON.

46 in. all wool Black Henrietta, handsome finish and weight, $1.15 quality, 98c a yd. CLARK & SON.

UNDERWEAR. Ladies regular 50c Gauze Vests, with long or short sleeves at the low price of 3 for $1.00 CLARK & SON.

PARASOLS. Our line is now on sale, comprising all the new colors and novelties of the season, with a full line of Sun Umbrellas all at the lowest prices.

POCKET BOOKS, PURSES &c. We have now open complete new lines in new colors, new styles, new prices. 35c books now 25c.

HOSIERY. It will pay you to call and see the bargains that we offer in Ladies' and Children's hosiery. A Misses' Lisle Hose in 8 and 8½, regular price 45c a pair, our price 2 pairs for 40c, and a full line of fast Black Hosiery that will not crock or fade in washing. Call and see.

HANDKERCHIEFS. The best values we have ever shown. Ladies printed border hemstitched, regular 12½c goods, now 3 for 25c. Men's woven borders 65c a dozen, real value 90c, 75c a dozen, value $1.00 a dozen, $1.00 a dozen, would be good value at $1.50 a dozen. Call and see our 5c handkerchief, ladies.

A LOT of all PURE SILK GLOVES at 35c a pair in Tans, Modes, Browns and Blacks that sells to day for 50c any place. See the 15c Lisle Gloves. CLARK & SON.

White Plaid linen De Irlande worth 20c a yd. now 15c a yd. Extra value with a full line of White Dress Goods. CLARK & SON.

SATINES. We show

Miscellaneous.

A carpenter is an unreasonable fellow. He objects to plain board, and yet he don't like a board until it has been planed.

There is a native light in every man, discovering to him the first lines of duty in his common notions of good and evil.

The only drawback to the absolute perfection of a boy's first watch is that it doesn't need winding up every fifteen minutes.

The latest monopoly is the "Slate Pencil Trust." Pretty soon our Trust in God will be incorporated and held at fancy prices.

"How are collections to-day?" asked a man of a big collector. "Slow, very slow; can't even collect my thoughts," was the reply.

A Putman county youth was recently married to a girl who refused him eighteen times. He now wishes he hadn't asked but seventeen times.

A contemplative life has more the appearance of a life of piety than any other; but it is the divine plan to bring faith into activity and exercise

A South Carolina paper tells of a farmer in that state who has been at the plow sixty-eight years. It is time to call the old man to dinner.

I have heard of men who knew more than they could tell, but I never met one. If a man has a genuine idea, he can make himself understood.

Charles Dickens, Jr., asserts that to him Niagara Falls is a place of abject terror. How would he feel in the neighborhood of John L. Sullivan?

Caller (to little Bobby): "Bobby, what makes your eyes so bright?" Bobby (after a little thought): "I dess it's tase I hain't had 'em very long."

Judge—What sort of man was it whom you saw commit the assault? Constable—Shure, yer honor, he was a small, insignificant craythur,—about yer own size, yer honor.

"Now how must I do with this wedding cake to dream on it?" asked a gushing damsel of a matter-of-fact young man. "Just eat it; that's all," was the reply.

Dr. Lyman Beecher once replied to an inquiry of Dr. Hawes: "How are you getting on?" "First-rate! first-rate! ever since I stopped trying to run this world."

"In literature there seems to be a man constantly catching our ideas," said a writer. "Yes," some one rejoined, "and the trouble is that he catches them before you do."

German Professor (to young American): "You don't musht make yourself drouble to speak Cherman by me; when you speak English I know your meannes ferry vell."

"Mabel, I have something to say that will astonish you." "What is it, Harry?" "I'm going away," "O, Harry! you are always getting up some nice surprises for me."

The coldest winds are those that herald spring, the darkest hour is that before the dawn, the greatest crooks are those that never swing, the finest watch is that we have in pawn.

"I never think of autumn without feeling a sigh," he said as he passed the Grand Circus Park. Nor I, either," answered the other. "State and county taxes come due in the fall!"

An Englishman came to New York and put up a sign, "Established 1804," and rather prided himself on the antiquity of his establishment. The next day his Yankee rival across the way burlesqued his sign in this way: "Established yesterday. No old goods on hand."

Taken to the Insane Asylum.

Conductor Edward J. Leedom, of Reading, who recently became insane on his train, was brought to the Harrisburg asylum last week. It is believed that Mr. Leedom's troubles originated from excessive smoking, and that with proper care he will soon be restored to health. At one time it was thought his lungs were affected, but a critical examination proved that such is not the case. He was then put under treatment, advised to stop smoking, and recovered. Finally he resumed the old habit, smoking as high as twenty cigars a day, and his present condition is attributed to nicotine poison. He was accompanied by G. B. Beaver and Officer Joseph Kaucher. At the depot in Reading he appeared cheerful, because a telegram was shown him supposed to be from a friend in this city. Messrs. Beaver and Kaucher said they had business in Harrisburg, also, and that they'd go along. When the train arrived in this city a cab was in waiting, and Mr. Leedom was induced to get in, and then driven to the asylum. Conductor Leedom has very many friends in this city and Reading who wish him a speedy recovery. Many say that cigar smoking is not the cause, but that his brain is slightly affected.

The Lonely Man.

There are 1,400,000,000 people living on the planet which we inhabit. And yet there is now and then a man who wonders what the rest of us will do when he dies. There are other people in "society" who honestly think that all the world closes its eyes when they lie down to sleep. There are men who fear to act according to their own convictions, because perhaps ten persons in a crowd of 1,400,000,000 will laugh at them. Why, if a man could only realize every moment what a bustling, busy, fussy, important little atom he is in all this great ant hill of important, fussy little atoms, every day he would regard himself less, and think still less of the other molecules in the corral.—*Burdette.*

A Distinguished Clergyman's Testimony.

Rev R M Pickens, President of the Methodist Protestant Church of South Carolina, writes from Greenville:

"About four years ago I was attacked with what the physicians pronounced neuralgic rheumatism, accompanied with erysipelas. My appetite failed me entirely, and I had an intermitting pulse and very irregular pulsations of the heart. A terrible pain soon came into my chest and shoulders, and I became so helpless that I could attend to my business at all. The pains were movable, and would sometimes pass from one part of my body to another. Finally the erysipelas broke out on my left hand and arm, and produced much swelling. I was for eighteen months afflicted in this way, and of course used a great many kinds of medicines, but nothing gave me relief. Friends finally persuaded me to try Swift's Specific. I noticed a decided improvement while taking the first bottle. I continued its use until I had taken about one dozen bottles, when I found myself sound and well again, with no sign of disease left except a stiffness in my hand, a result of the erysipelas. While taking the medicine I gained on an average two pounds of flesh per week. I think S S S a valuable medicine, and I frequently recommend it to my friends."

Write to the SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga., for a Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases, mailed free to anyone.

Luck of a Striking Miner.

$1,600,000 LEFT TO A FAMILY THAT BREAKFASTED ON BREAD AND WATER.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 8.—James Bailey, of this city, has fallen heir to $1,600,000, left to him by the death of his uncle, William Constein Munson, of Newport, England. Bailey has a wife and seven children for to take care of. The past four months he has missed many a meal to appease the hunger of the little ones. He went on strike with the rest of the Philadelphia and Reading miners in January, and, through a misunderstanding, did not secure his place when the strike was declared off. Failing to obtain work at the colleries he was compelled to seek aid from the poor district. Yesterday morning he received a letter from an attorney in England informing him of his lucky windfall. Bailey resided in Newport twenty years ago and was the deceased uncle's private secretary Falling in love with a comely wage-girl he was married to her despite his uncle's earnest protest and threats of disinheritance. After the marriage he and the bride bade adieu to England and sailed for the United States. Arriving in this country and failing to secure work in the cities, Bailey came to the coal regions, where he has since resided. When Bailey was apprised of his uncle's legacy he simply remarked: "Well, this morning we had bread and water for breakfast, and for dinner we'll eat chicken for the first time in many months." Next week the ex-coal digger will sail for England to take possession of his riches. He is an intelligent man, aged 38 years and enjoys good health.

The Chinese Earthquake.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND PEOPLE KILLED AND IMMENSE LOSS OF PROPERTY.

An Oriental mail brings some particulars of the earthquake in China just before Christmas, which has been cabled in skeleton. It proves to have been of appalling magnitude. Fifteen thousand people perished in the course of four days, during which at uncertain intervals shocks continued. This estimate is to some extent supposition because it is scarcely possible, after so tremendous a visitation, to ascertain for awhile the exact loss of life. How many have been injured appears to defy computation, yet the capital district of Yunnan is absolutely one mass of ruins. More than five thousand persons were killed by the fall of houses at Lam-or, another Chinese town. The effect on buildings has been almost as terrible, with the additional horror of the earth yearning till a frightful chasm was produced, from which water, red colored, was ejected. The shaking of the earth seems to have been followed by a subterranean convulsion of the most awful kind. Further north, at Lo-Chan, where ten thousand met their doom, the aspect of the country has been completely changed. Large tracts of land suddenly disappeared in the course of the visitation and in their place lakes formed.

Counterfeiting Postal Notes.

The postal note has fallen a prey to the counterfeiter. It was supposed, when this note was designed, that it could not be readily imitated. A young man in the auditor's office in Washington was the first to perpetrate a fraud with the notes. He changed several of those that had been canceled, and had them cashed. He was discovered and punished. Since this there have been several counterfeits placed in circulation, and the manufacturers of them have not been discovered by the secret service officers. The government is not responsible for the loss or destruction of the postal note; and if any are lost, like postage stamps, there is hardly any means of tracing them. The postal note is quite a popular mode of transmitting money through the mails, and there should be more safeguards to prevent it from being counterfeited.—*Demorest's Monthly for April.*

Spring Medicine.

The necessity of a spring medicine is universally admitted. And the superiority of Hood's Sarsaparilla for this purpose becomes more and more widely known every year. That power to purify the blood, and those elements of strength and health which the system craves, and to which it is so susceptible at this season, are possessed by this peculiar medicine in a preeminent degree. Scrofula, pimples, boils, or any humor, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache, catarrh, rheumatism, or any diseases or affections caused or promoted by impure blood or low state of the system, are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try the peculiar medicine.

Our New York Letter.

NEW YORK, Thursday,——,

DEAR MR. EDITOR:

The brightest and quaintest idea is the one the new publication "Dress" is advocating, "All ladies should wear pantaloons." Do you agree with it? At any rate, your male readers should know of the N. Y. Standard Pants Co. of 66 University Place, New York City, who are making to order fine, woolen pants for $3, and send them to customers by mail. They send to any address on receipt of 6 cents in stamps 25 samples of cloth to choose from, a full set of measurement blanks, a fine linen 60 inch tape measure free and a lot of other valuable points. They always guarantee satisfaction or refund the money. Tell every reader to try them. All New York is wild over these $3 pants. Everybody is wearing them.

Yours truly,

A. ROOSEVELT.

Took a Skip.

Mrs. Volkavitch, the wife of the murderer who was hanged at Wilkesbarre Tuesday, of last week eloped Friday night with a butcher named Tradesky. They went to Pittsburg where they will be married. The polish people of Wilkesbarre are in dignant at the woman's conduct.

THE TEN VIRGINS.

LESSON IV, SECOND QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, APRIL 22.

Text of the Lesson, Matt. xxv, 1-13. Golden Text, Matt. xxv, 10—Memorize Verses 10, 11, 12, 13—Comment by Rev. H. S. Hoffman.

[From Lesson Helper Quarterly, by permission of H. S. Hoffman, Philadelphia, publisher.]

Notes.—Lamps, torches. No oil, no grace. Oil with their lamps, grace should go with a profession. Tarried, the Lord will not come as soon to his church as expected. Not enough for you, no one can supply grace for another's need. Door shut, as much for the comfort and security of those within as for the exclusion of those without. Watch therefore, this is the scope and design of the whole parable. The central thought of this lesson is that we must be always ready for the Lord's coming. Are we?

V. 1. The number "ten" would seem to be the perfect number of secular life, as "seven" is of the spiritual life. It may "have originated in the arithmetic of the ten fingers." Ten formed a Jewish company, ten ate the Passover together, ten Jews in one place formed a congregation to build a synagogue, there were ten commandments, etc. This number would seem to refer to church as it appears to the world. The number five would seem to teach half consummation, the fingers of only one hand, the five senses without the five mental faculties, or vice versa.

The parable is based upon the marriage customs of the east. The bridegroom went, late in the evening, attended by his friends, or "groomsmen," to the bride's dwelling, where she awaited him, attired in white robes, decked with jewels and attended by her bridemaids. The whole company then went in procession by torchlight to the bridegroom's house, being joined on the way by invited guests (the virgins in the parable) with torches. When the bridegroom's house was reached the train of friends and guests entered and the doors were shut, debarring any one's entrance that would come later. Lamps were absolutely needed by each one in the dark streets of an Asiatic city. In modern Jerusalem the authorities require every one to carry a lamp.

While the virgins symbolize the whole Church of Christ, the lamp would seem to represent the outward profession of Christianity. The "oil" stands for the spiritual life and grace in the soul. The "flame" of the lamp typifies the outshining of holy life, fed and nourished by grace. Of course the "bridegroom" is none other than Christ coming to this world for his bride, the church.

V. 2. The numbers make nothing to the case, only the division is essential. The church at Christ's coming, as now, will consist of the two classes, the nominal and real Christians. The wise and foolish are undistinguishable until the crisis comes.

V. 3. In the case of the foolish virgins the taking of the lamps is everything, but the wise seem most concerned about taking oil in their vessels. Some are anxious about the profession and forms of religion. Better be concerned about having grace in the heart.

V. 5. Allusion is made to a longer delay of the Lord's coming than believers reckoned. While the bridegroom tarried they all, both wise and foolish virgins slept. The word "slumbered" signifies drowsiness, nodding, while "slept" describes the full unconsciousness of sleep. Two stages of spiritual declension may possibly be indicated. But there appears no censure for their sleeping; it was not interpreted as unwatchfulness, it was not a guilty sleep.

V. 6. At "midnight," when that which was wrong could not be made right, a herald, or a part of the retinue went before, announcing the approach of the bridegroom. The midnight for the Church of Christ is when the worldly spirit is so far in the ascendancy as to make it seem that the whole church has fallen into the common course of the world, and when the truth of Christ is traduced and cast aside by the mass of men. Such midnights of Christian history there have been followed by a coming of the bridegroom.

V. 7. Snatches of the joyous music were already falling on their ears. Excitement was rising into enthusiasm. The virgins "all arose." The trimming of the lamps implied the infusion of fresh oil and the removal of the fungi which had gathered around and was clogging the wick. Self examination and renewal of grace seems to be set forth.

V. 8. The religion of impulse, of excitement, of mere forms, of only a profession, fails in the hour of need. Unable to rekindle their lamps in the crucial hour, their joy and hope are also extinguished.

V. 9. Character and grace are not transferable. There are times when prudence has the appearance of selfishness. To have divided the oil would have involved all in darkness and defeated the purpose of the procession. No one can supply grace for another's need.

V. 10. We cannot prepare for the crisis at the moment. It took the virgins longer at this unseasonable hour to buy oil than at any other time. There is a special time when a duty may be easiest done.

Those who were prepared, who were ready with burning lamps and with hearts lighted up with joy, went in with the bridgroom into the banqueting house. Then "the door was shut." Light and joy inside, sorrow and darkness without. "Almost saved, but lost." We shut the door ourselves by neglecting to be prepared to enter.

V. 11. The foolish virgins returned as Esau, too late for the blessing which no tears could give him. There is a time coming when it will be too late for even prayer.

Example of European Politeness.

In Italy, as well as in France, we often find a pleasant disposition to offer service, even if it is not directly paid for. I was once in a city of northern Italy, where I needed some articles of clothing. Having just arrived, I was entirely unacquainted with the place and inquired of a clerk at a forwarding or express office, where I had some business, the address of a good shop where I could buy what I wanted. He thereupon put on his hat and said he would go with me to one. I did not wish him to put himself to so much trouble, but he insisted that as I did not know the city it would be much better for him to accompany me. He took me to the best place in town, helped me in my selection, made suggestions to the shopkeeper, and when I had finished my business, offered to go with me to buy anything else I might want.

It is possible that he may have been paid for bringing purchasers to this shop, but the price I paid for what I bought was so small that there could not have been much profit to anybody, and I do not believe that the large and wealthy firm by whom this young man was employed would allow one of their clerks to go out in this way merely to give him a chance to make a little money. Let any stranger in one of our cities enter an express office and try to get one of the clerks to go with him to a tailor's store and help him to select a suit of clothes, and when he has made known his desire, let him wait and see what happens next.—Frank D Stockton in St. Nicholas.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption, if they will send me their express and post-office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y (25nov6m.

It is impossible for anybody to write a great deal and not tread over the ground somebody else has gone over

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Concord, N. H., Sept. 3, 1887
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Dubuque, Iowa, Jan. 3, 1888.
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If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from that most common of American maladies—Bilious Dyspepsia, or Torpid Liver, associated with Dyspepsia, or Indigestion. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will subdue it, if taken according to directions for a reasonable length of time. If not cured, complications multiply and Consumption of the Lungs, Skin Diseases, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Kidney Disease, or other grave maladies are quite liable to set in and, sooner or later, induce a fatal termination.
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